

Zyklische Untergruppen von $D_n, S_n, n \in \{3, 4\}$

$$D_3 = \{id, d, d^2, s, sd, sd^2\}$$

Zyklische Untergruppen in D_3 :

$$\begin{aligned} < id > &= \{id\} \\ < d > &= \{id, d, d^2\} = < d^2 > \\ < s > &= \{id, s\} \\ < sd > &= \{id, sd\} \\ < sd^2 > &= \{id, sd^2\} \end{aligned}$$

$$D_4 = \{id, d, d^2, d^3, s, sd, sd^2, sd^3\}$$

Zyklische Untergruppen in D_4 :

$$\begin{aligned} < id > &= \{id\} \\ < d > &= \{id, d, d^2, d^3\} = < d^3 > \\ < d^2 > &= \{id, d^2\} \\ < s > &= \{id, s\} \\ < sd > &= \{id, sd\} \\ < sd^2 > &= \{id, sd^2\} \\ < sd^3 > &= \{id, sd^3\} \end{aligned}$$

$$S_3 = \{(1), (1\ 2), (1\ 3), (2\ 3), (1\ 2\ 3), (1\ 3\ 2)\}$$

Zyklische Untergruppen in S_3 :

$$\begin{aligned} < (1) > &= \{(1)\} \\ < (1\ 2) > &= \{(1), (1\ 2)\} \\ < (1\ 3) > &= \{(1), (1\ 3)\} \\ < (2\ 3) > &= \{(1), (2\ 3)\} \\ < (1\ 2\ 3) > &= \{(1), (1\ 2\ 3), (1\ 3\ 2)\} = < (1\ 3\ 2) > \end{aligned}$$

Zyklische Untergruppen in S_4 :

$$\begin{aligned} < (1) > &= \{(1)\} \\ < (a\ b) > &= \{(1), (a\ b)\} \\ < (a\ b\ c) > &= \{(1), (a\ b\ c), (a\ c\ b)\} = < (a\ c\ b) > \\ < (a\ b\ c\ d) > &= \{(1), (a\ b\ c\ d), (a\ c)(b\ d), (a\ d\ c\ b)\} = < (a\ d\ c\ b) > \\ < (a\ b)(c\ d) > &= \{(1), (a\ b)(c\ d)\} \end{aligned}$$