

Homework Assignment #9

Approximation Algorithms (Winter Semester 2023/24)

Exercise 1 – Euclidean TSP on an Integer Grid

In the lecture, the following simplifying assumptions for Euclidean TSP were made: All n input points lie within a square of side length $L = 4n^2$. Further, all points have integer coordinates.

Show that these assumptions are justifiable, or more precisely: Show that if a polynomial approximation scheme (PTAS) for the restricted version of Euclidean TSP above exists, then there exists also a PTAS for the unrestricted version.

- a) First, explain how your algorithm processes an instance I_u of the unrestricted version. Your algorithm can make use of the approximation scheme of the restricted version for that.
[5 points]
- b) Next, show that your algorithm yields a tour of length at most $(1 + \varepsilon) \text{OPT}_u$ for any $\varepsilon > 0$, where OPT_u is the length of a shortest tour for I_u .
[7 points]

Hint: It suffices to prove the statement for instances with many points, i. e. for all $n \geq f(\varepsilon)$ where f is an arbitrary function. Further, it suffices to show that your algorithm yields a tour of length at most $(1 + 2\varepsilon)\text{OPT}_u$ for any $\varepsilon > 0$.

Exercise 2 – Well Behaved Tours

Let I be an instance of the Euclidean TSP that satisfies the assumptions from exercise 1. We consider the basic dissection for this instance. Show that there is a shortest well-behaved tour that visits each portal of the basic dissection at most twice.

[8 points]

Hint: Consider a portal p on a grid line l that is visited more than twice by a shortest well-behaved tour. This portal splits the tour into *ears*, which are the maximum partial tours between two visits of p . Then apply shortcuts.