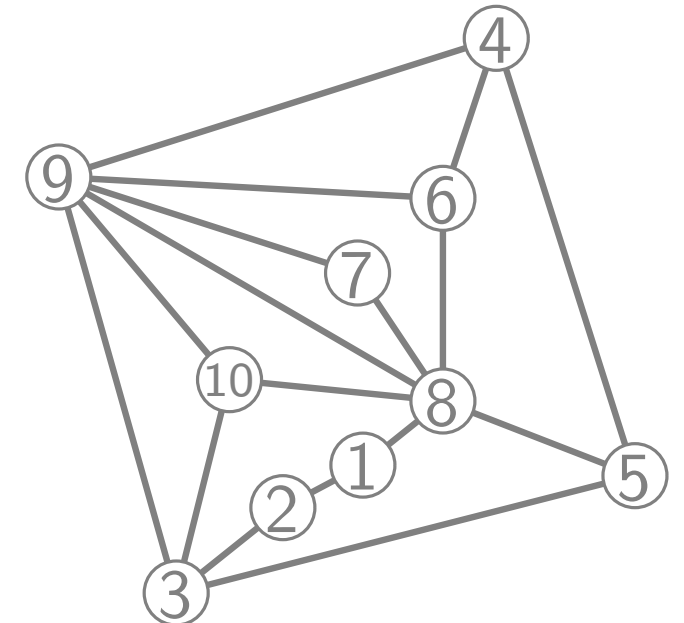
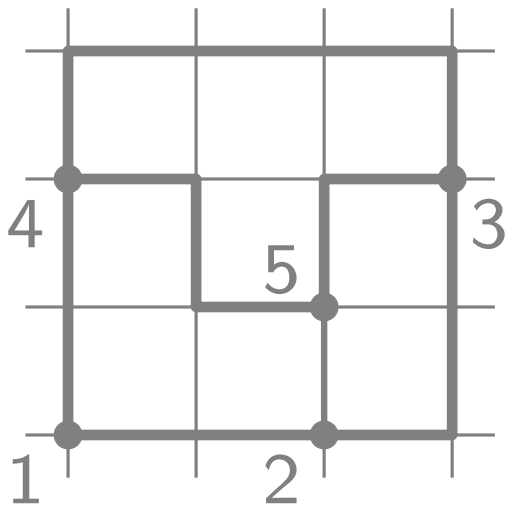
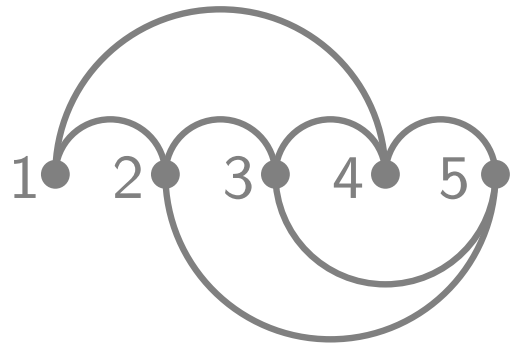


Visualization of Graphs

Lecture 1a: The Graph Visualization Problem



Johannes Zink

Summer semester 2024

Organizational

Lectures: ■ Johannes Zink (M4, room 01.007, johannes.zink@uni-wuerzburg.de)

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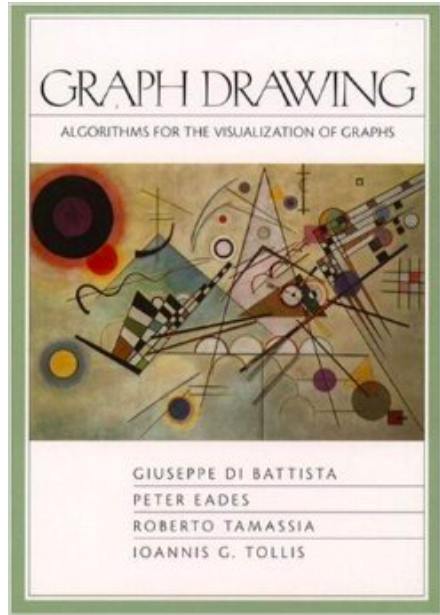
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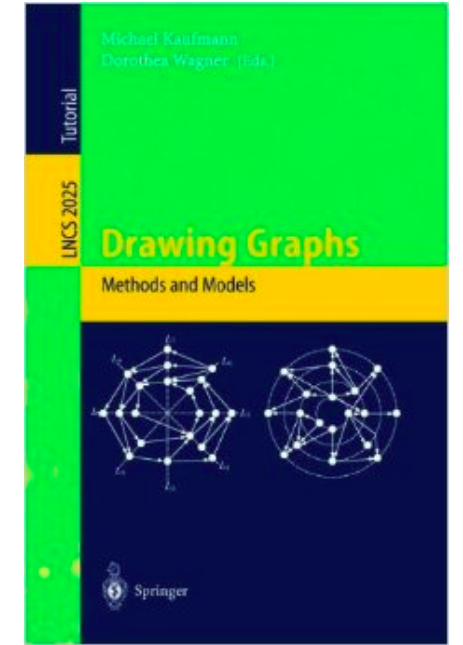
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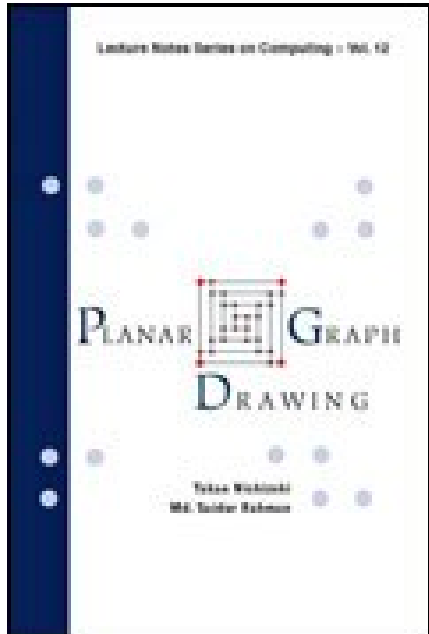


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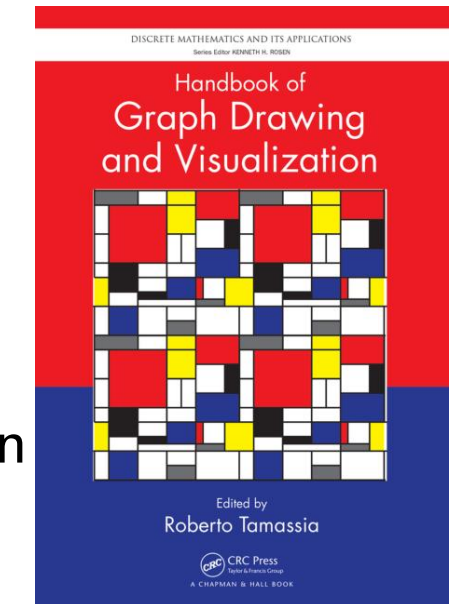


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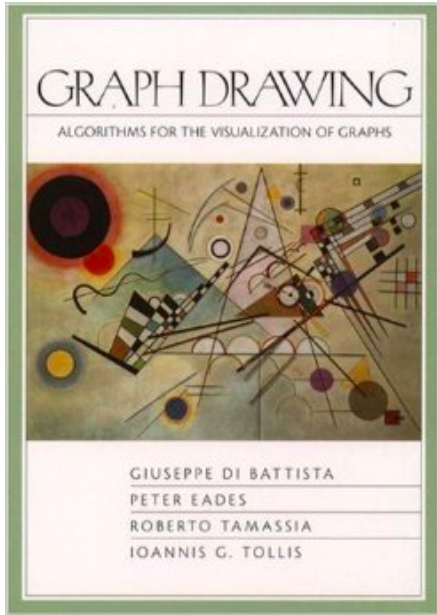


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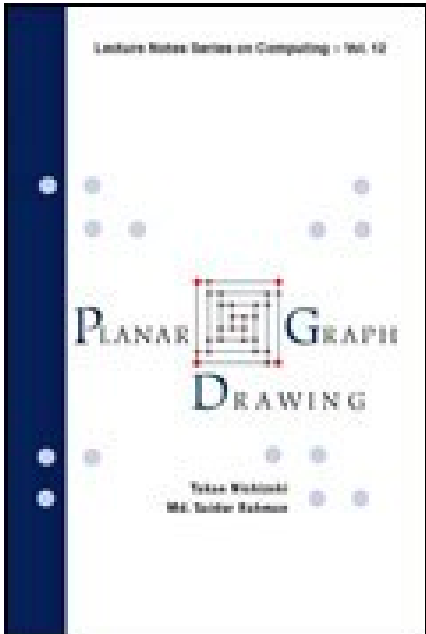
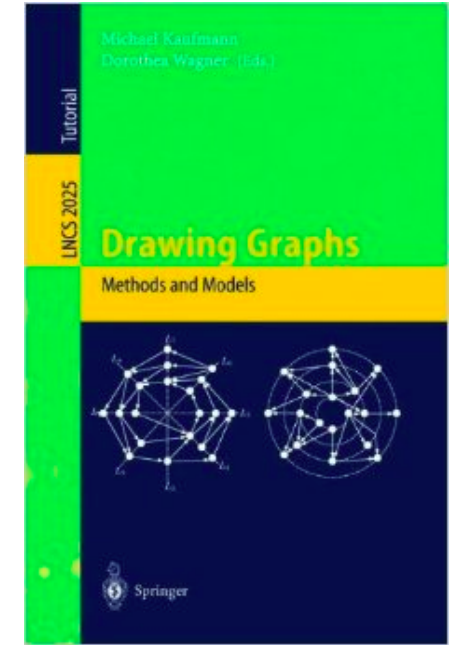


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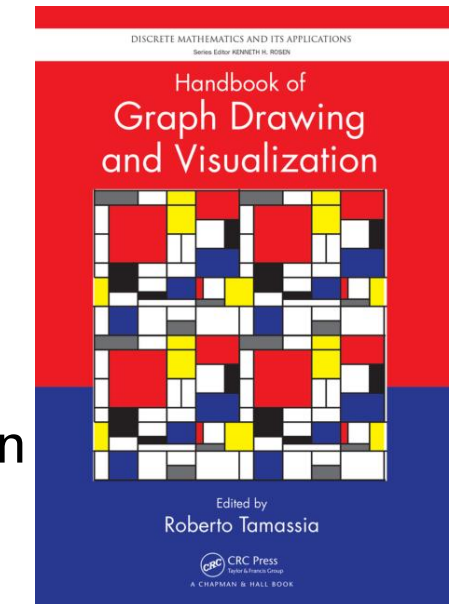
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Topics

- Drawing Trees and Series-Parallel Graphs
- Force-Based Drawing Algorithms and Tutte Embedding
- Straight-Line Drawings of Planar Graphs
- Upwards Planar Drawings
- Orthogonal Grid Drawings
- Contact Representations
- Hierarchical Layouts of Directed Graphs
- Visibility Representations
- The Crossing Lemma
- Linear Layouts
- Beyond Planarity
- Octilinear Drawings for Metro Maps

Graphs and Their Representations

What is a graph?

- graph G
- vertex set $V(G) = \{v_1, v_2, \dots, v_n\}$
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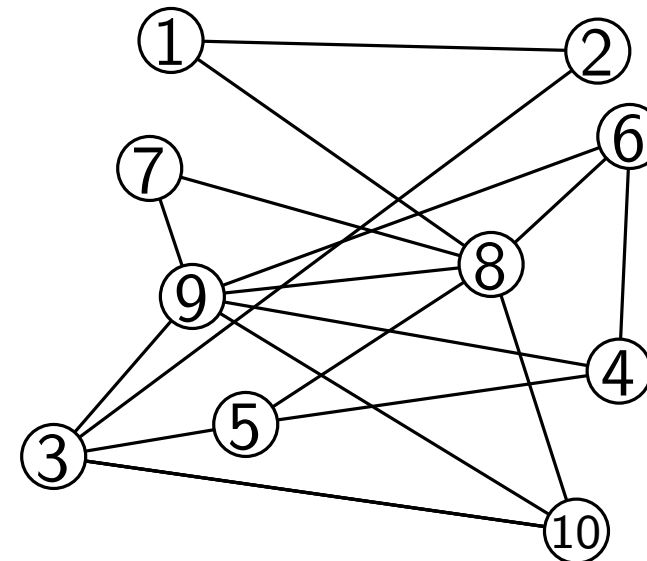
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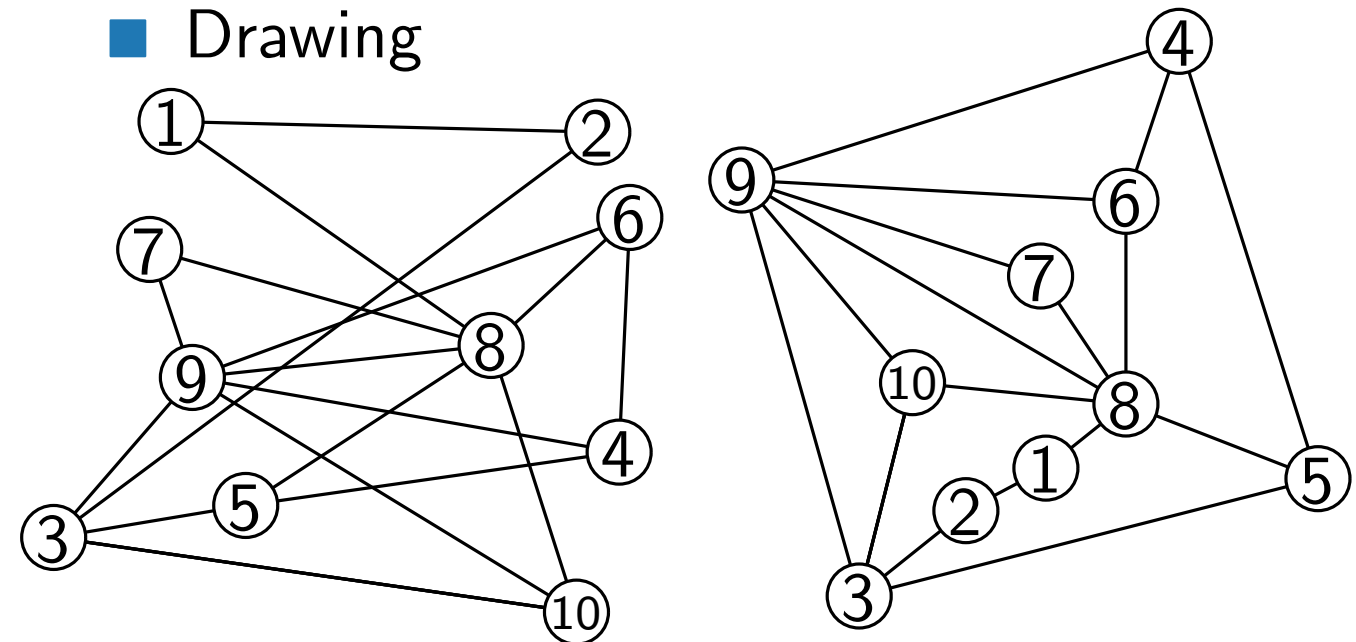
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- Metro systems
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- Power grids
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- Phylogenetic networks
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We need algorithms that draw graphs automatically to make networks more accessible to humans.

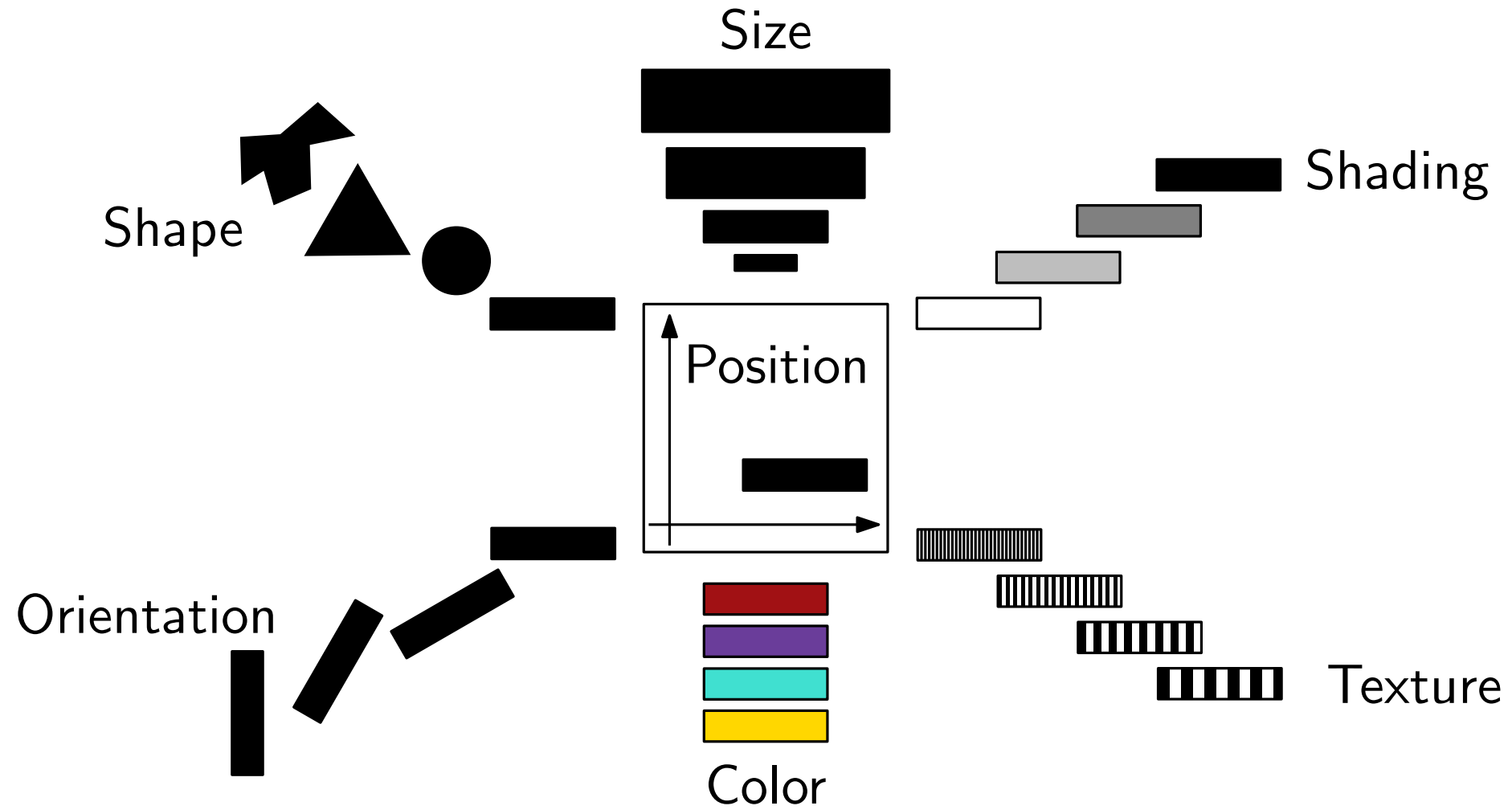
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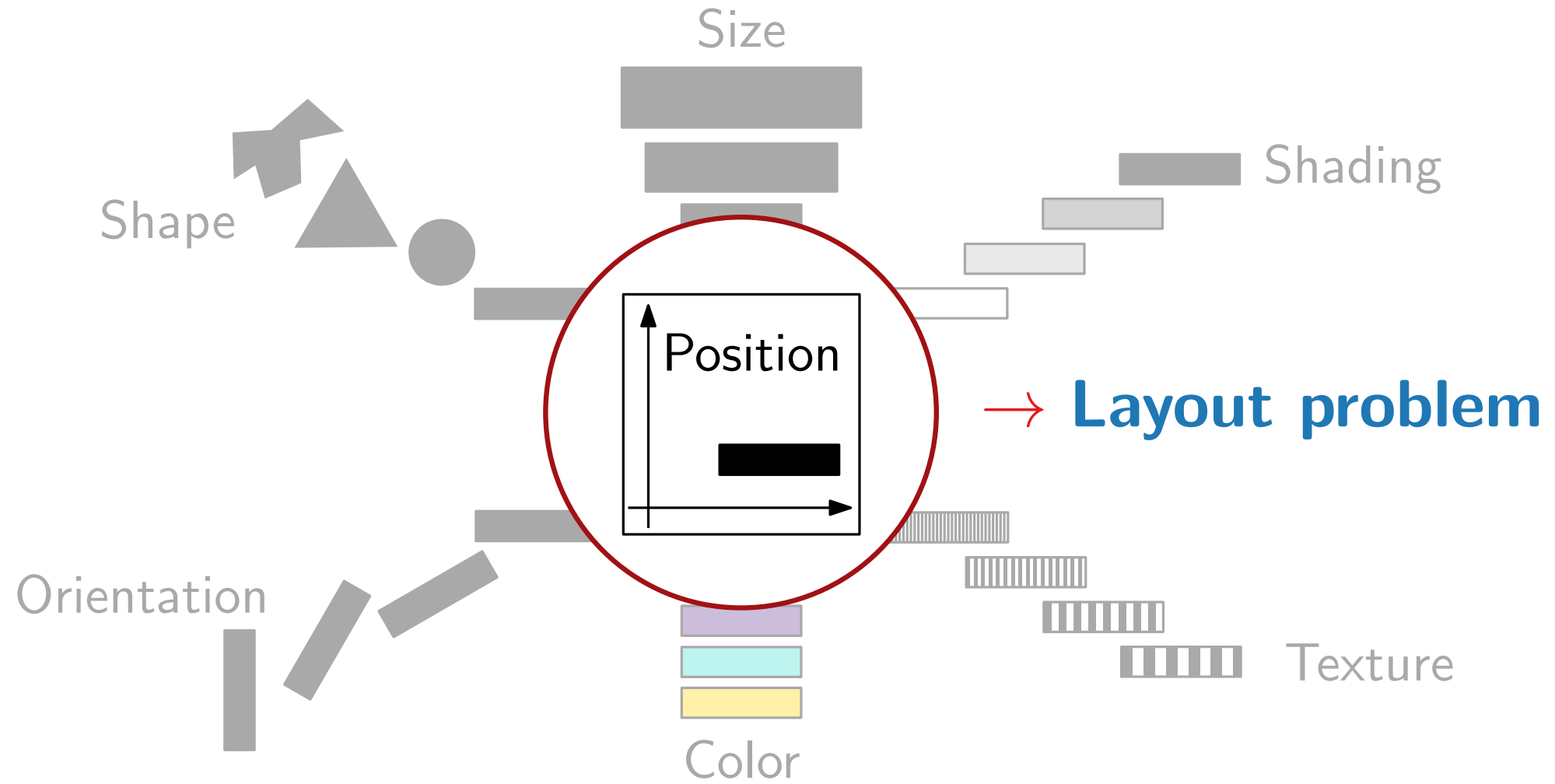
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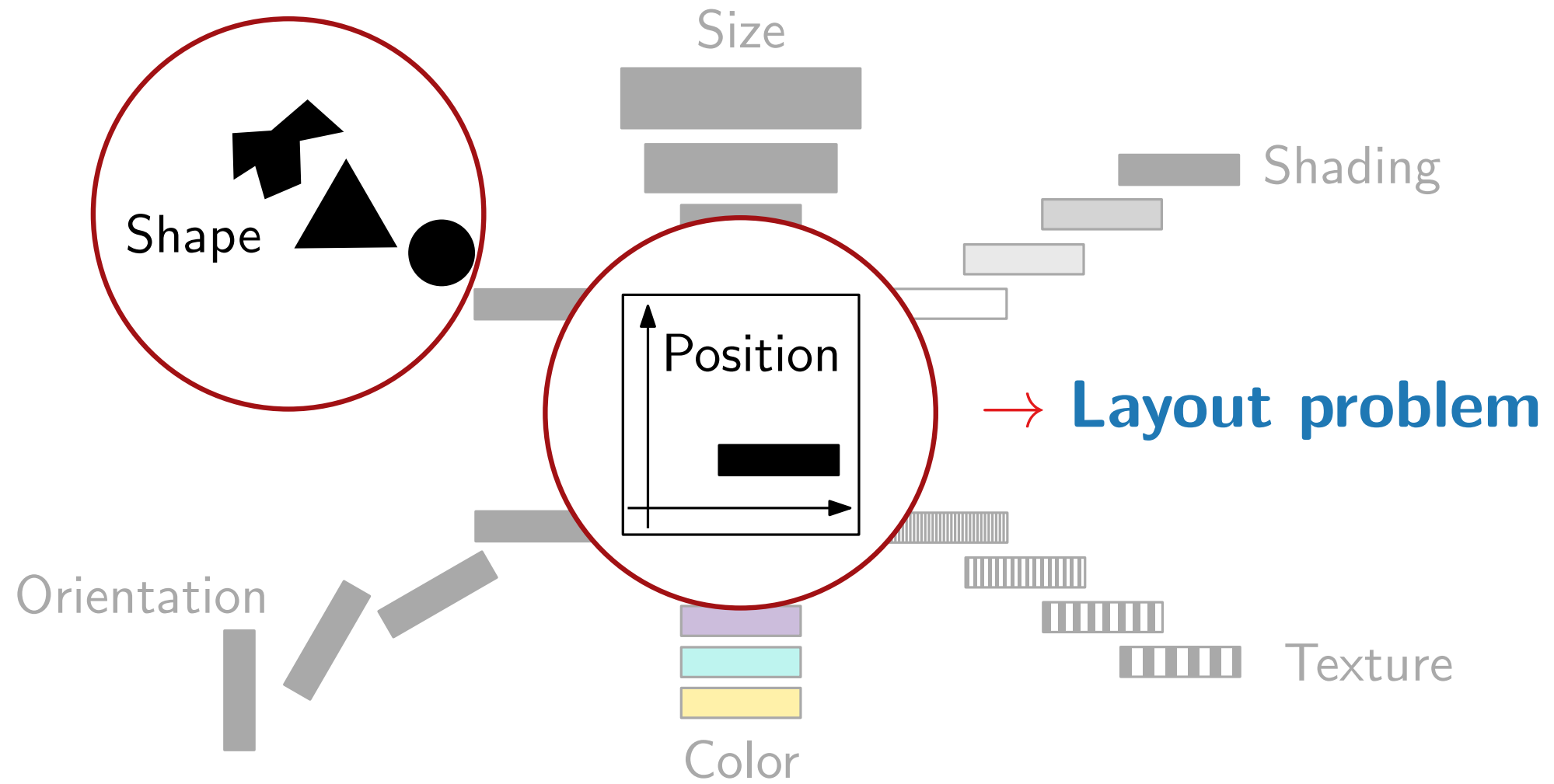
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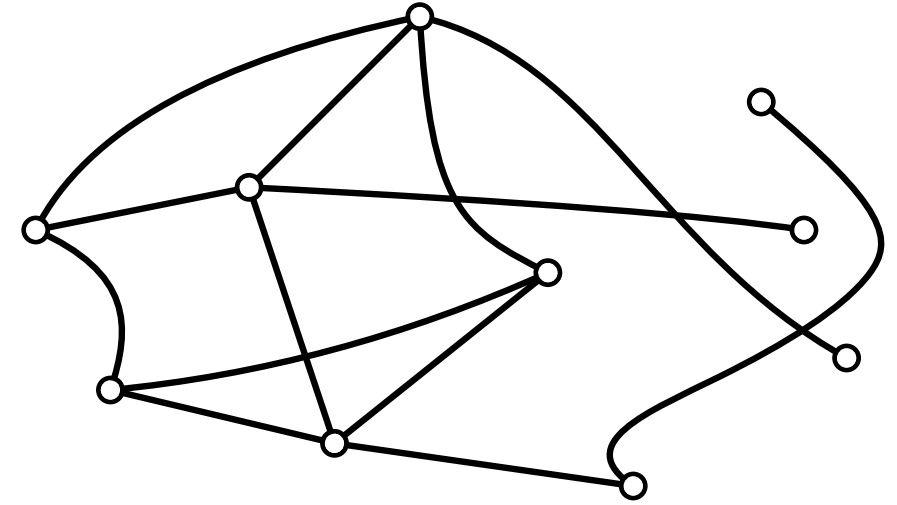
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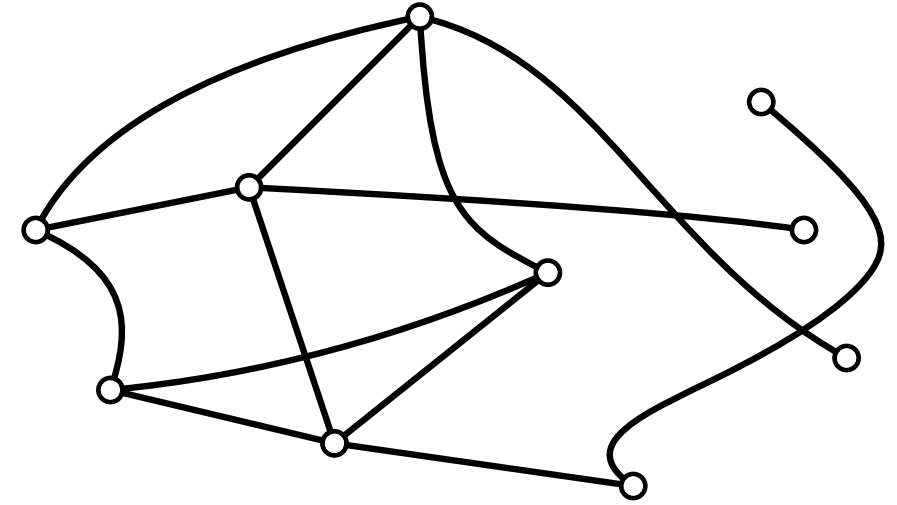
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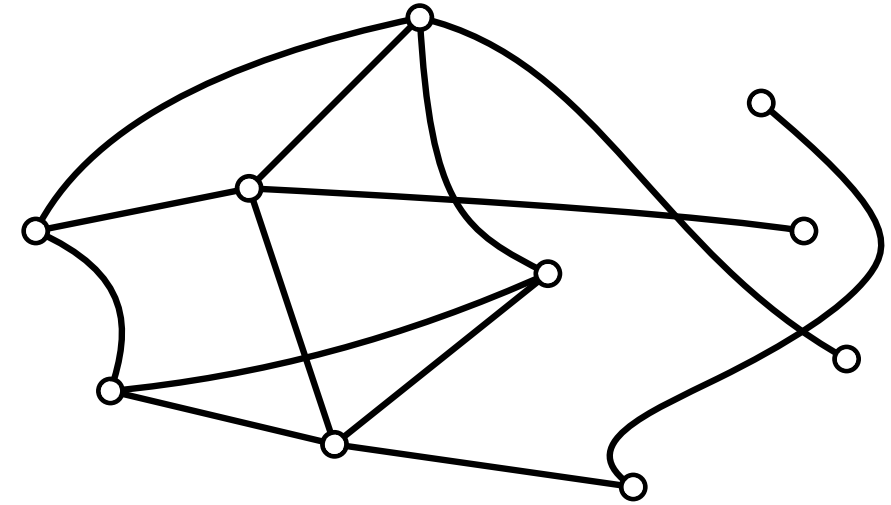
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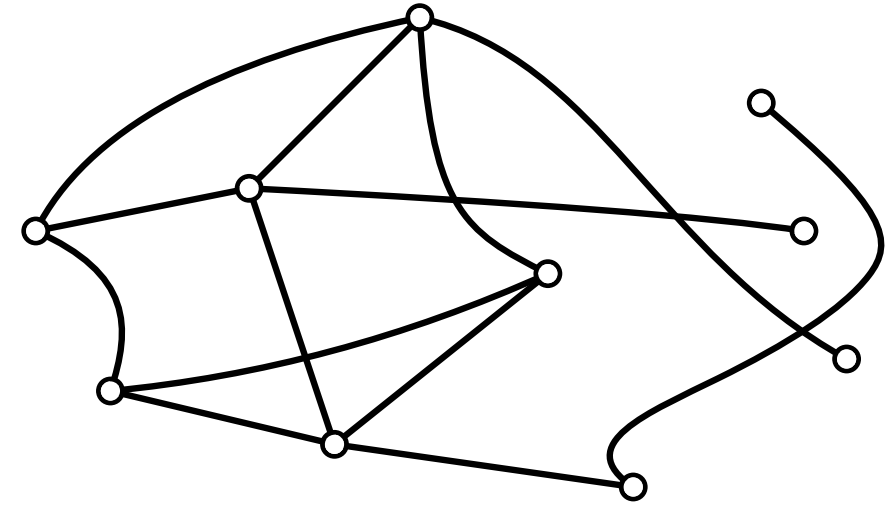
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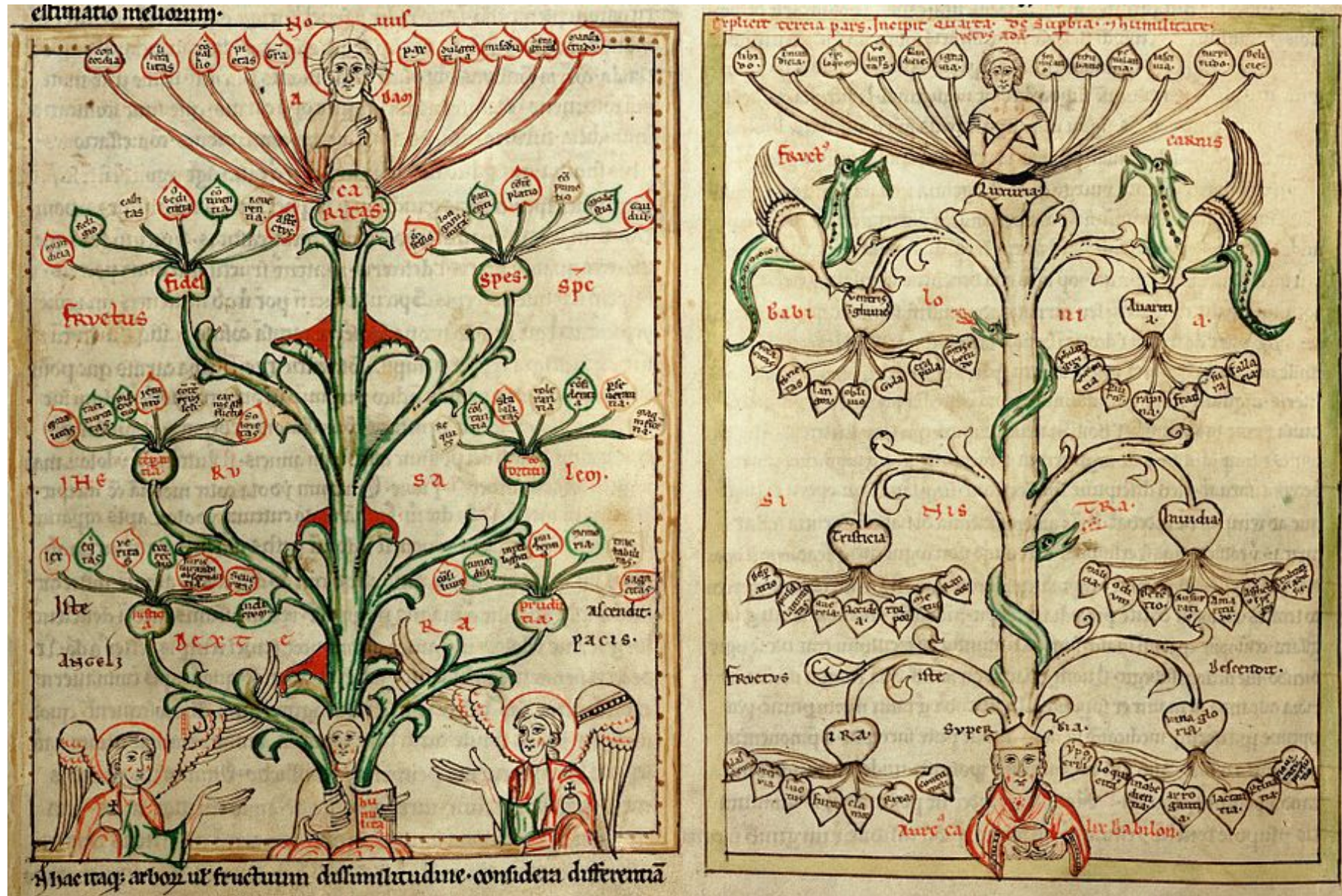
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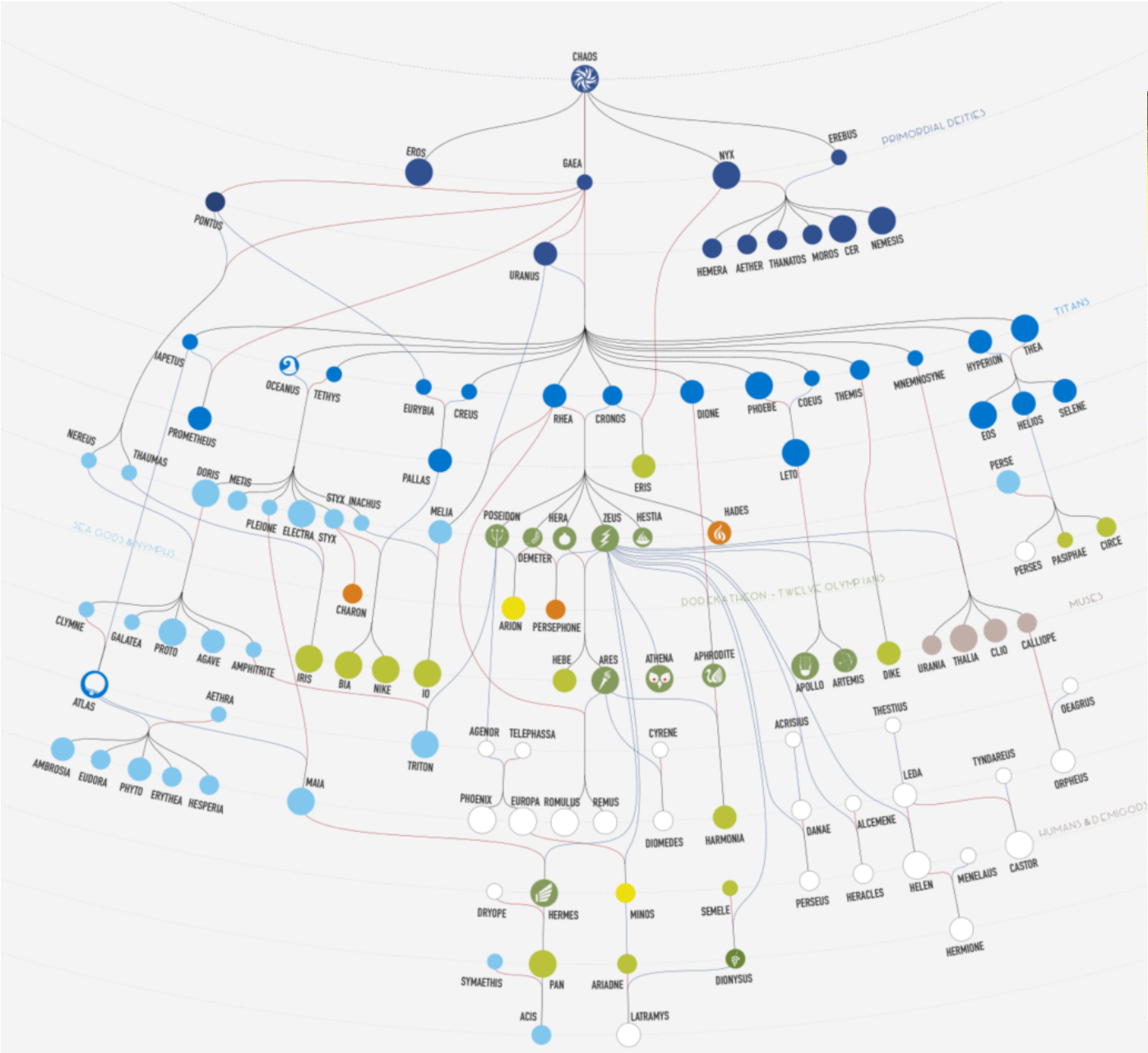
But what is a **nice** drawing?

Tree of Virtues and Tree of Vice

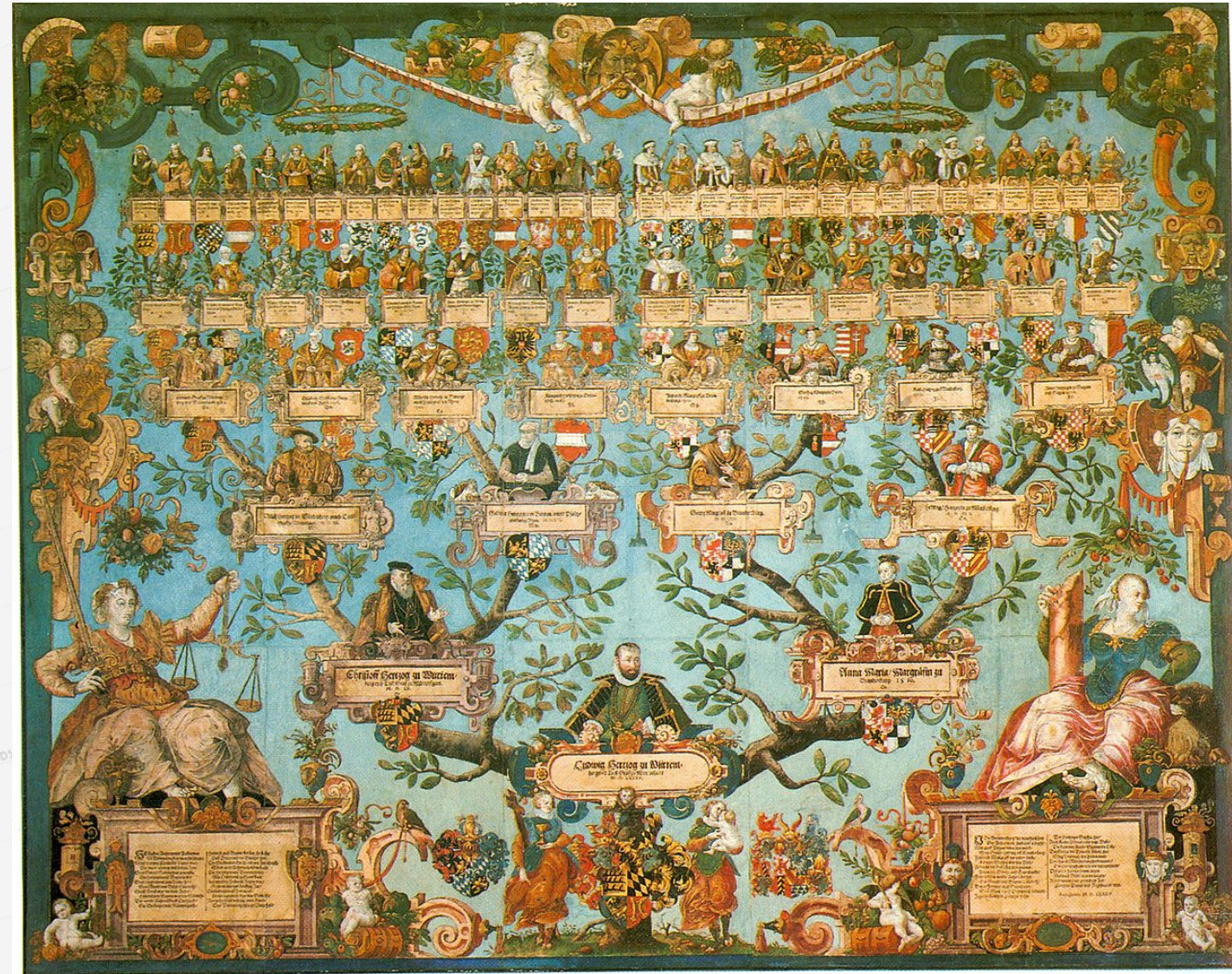
ca. 1200



Social Networks – Family Trees

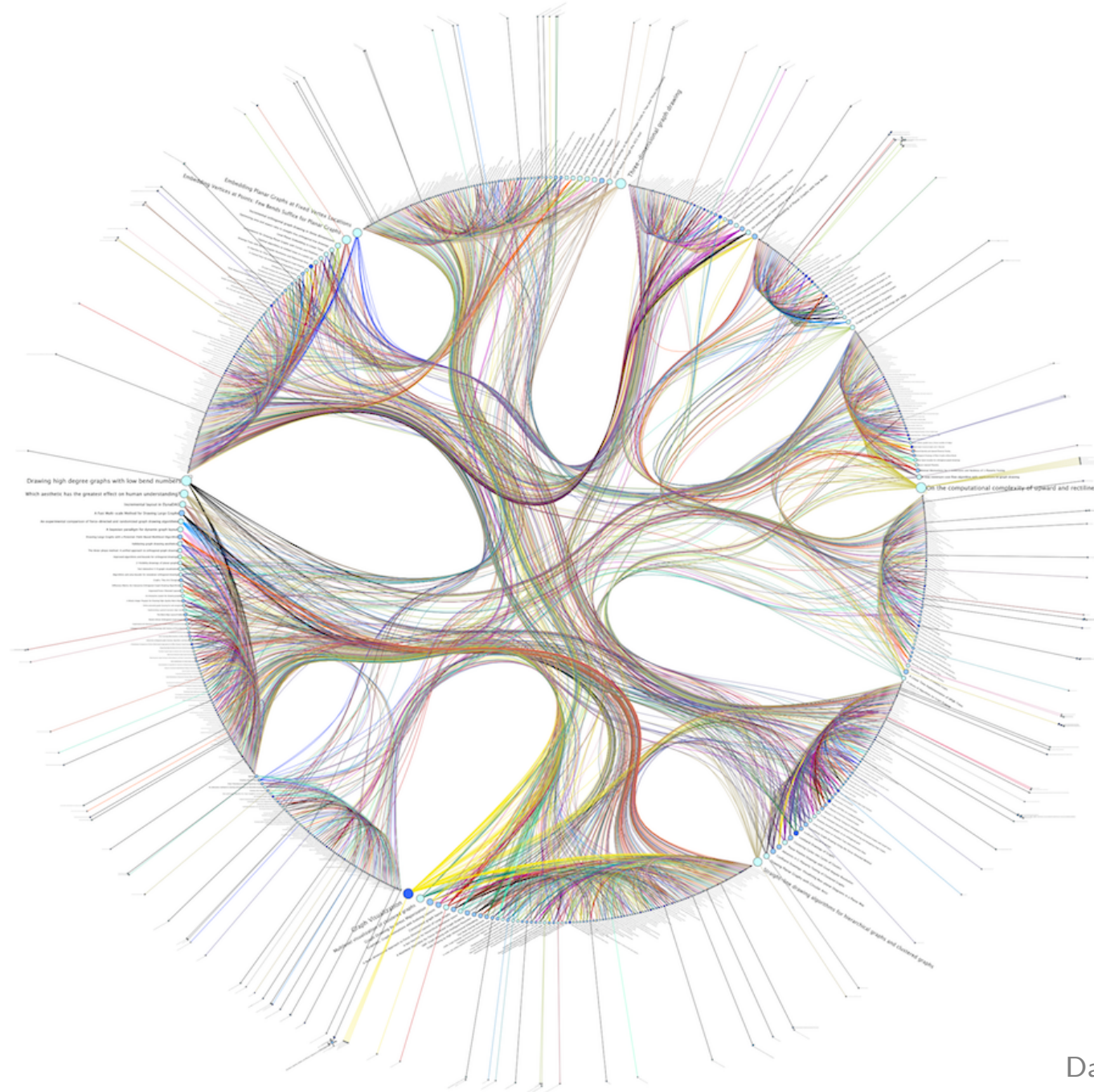


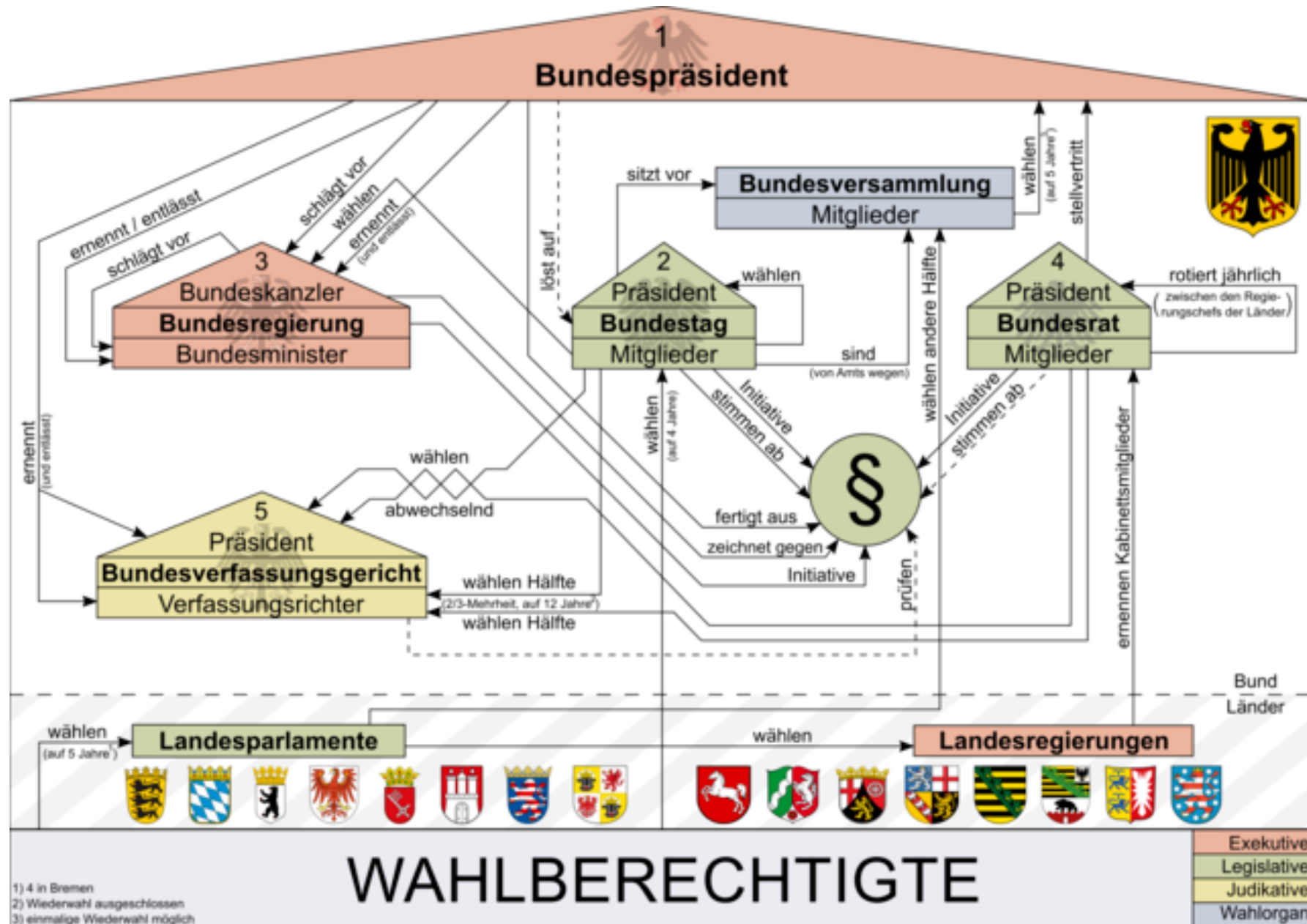
J. Klawitter, T. Mchedlidze, [Link: go.uni-wue.de/myth-poster](http://go.uni-wue.de/myth-poster)



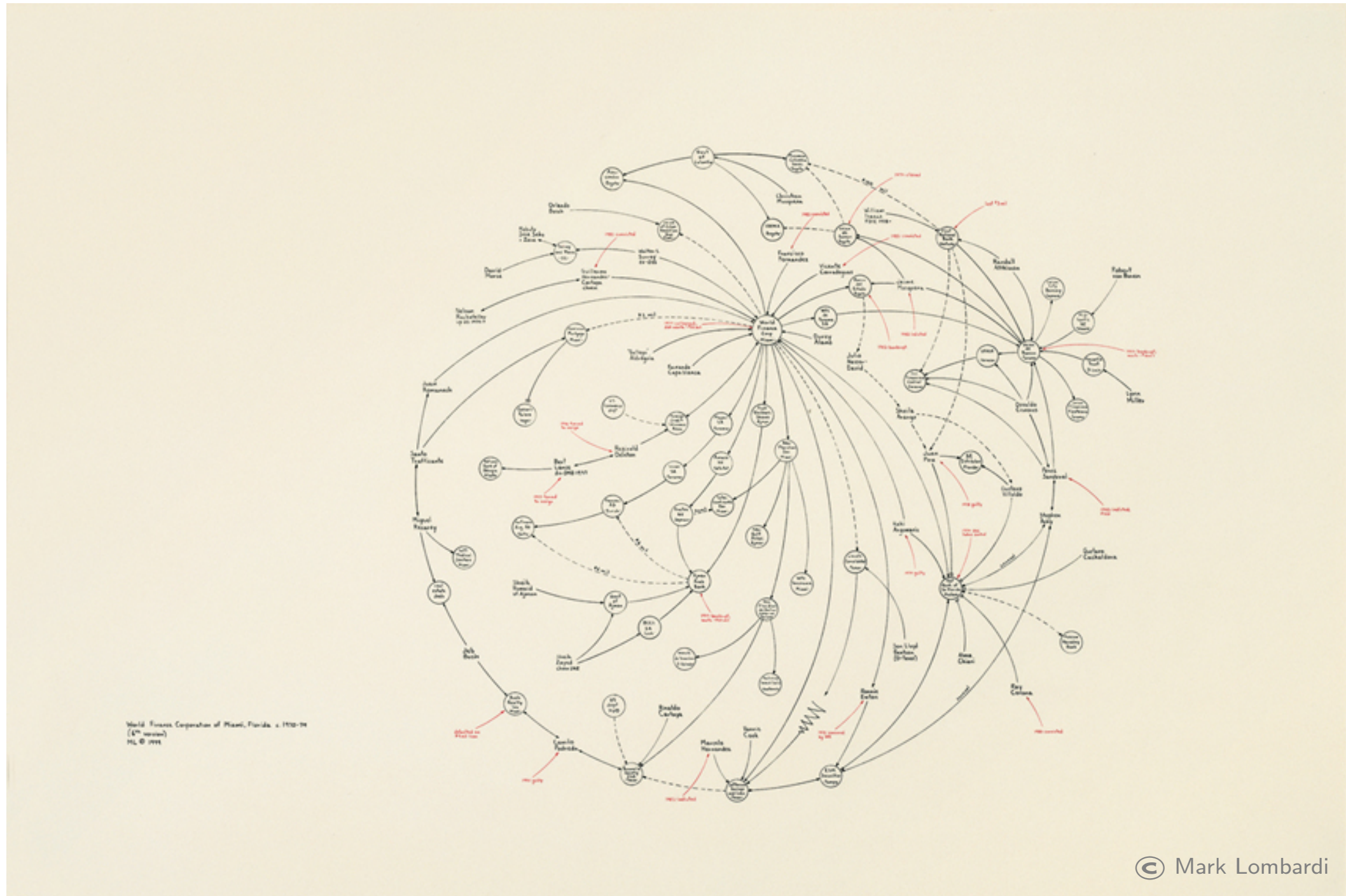
Ahnentafel Herzog Ludwig von Württemberg, 1585

Social Network – Citation Graph

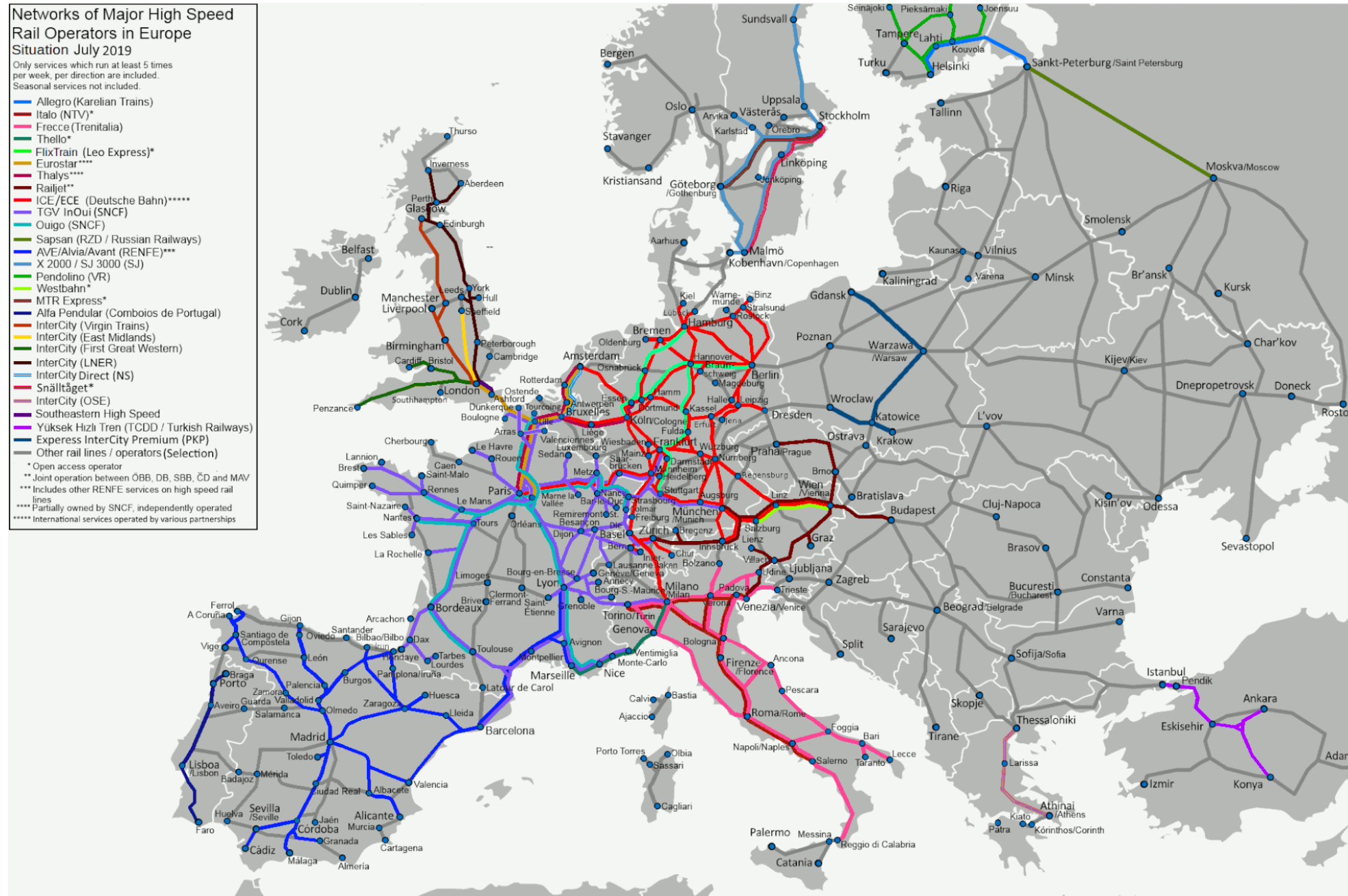




Social Network – World Finance Corporation



Transportation Network – European High-Speed Railroads



Source: Wiki Commons: Networks of Major High Speed Rail Operators in Europe - CC BY-SA 3.0

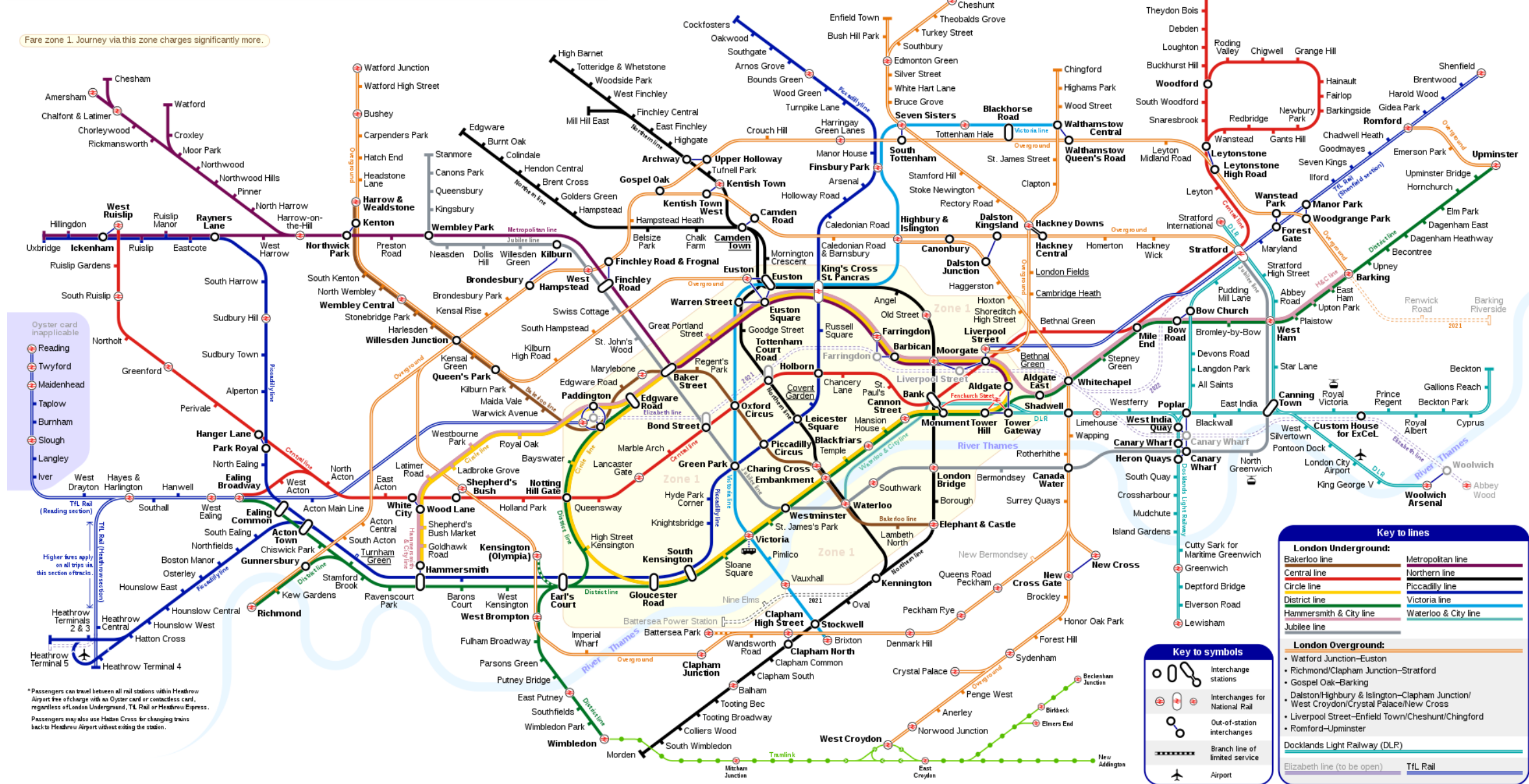
Transportation Network – London Underground



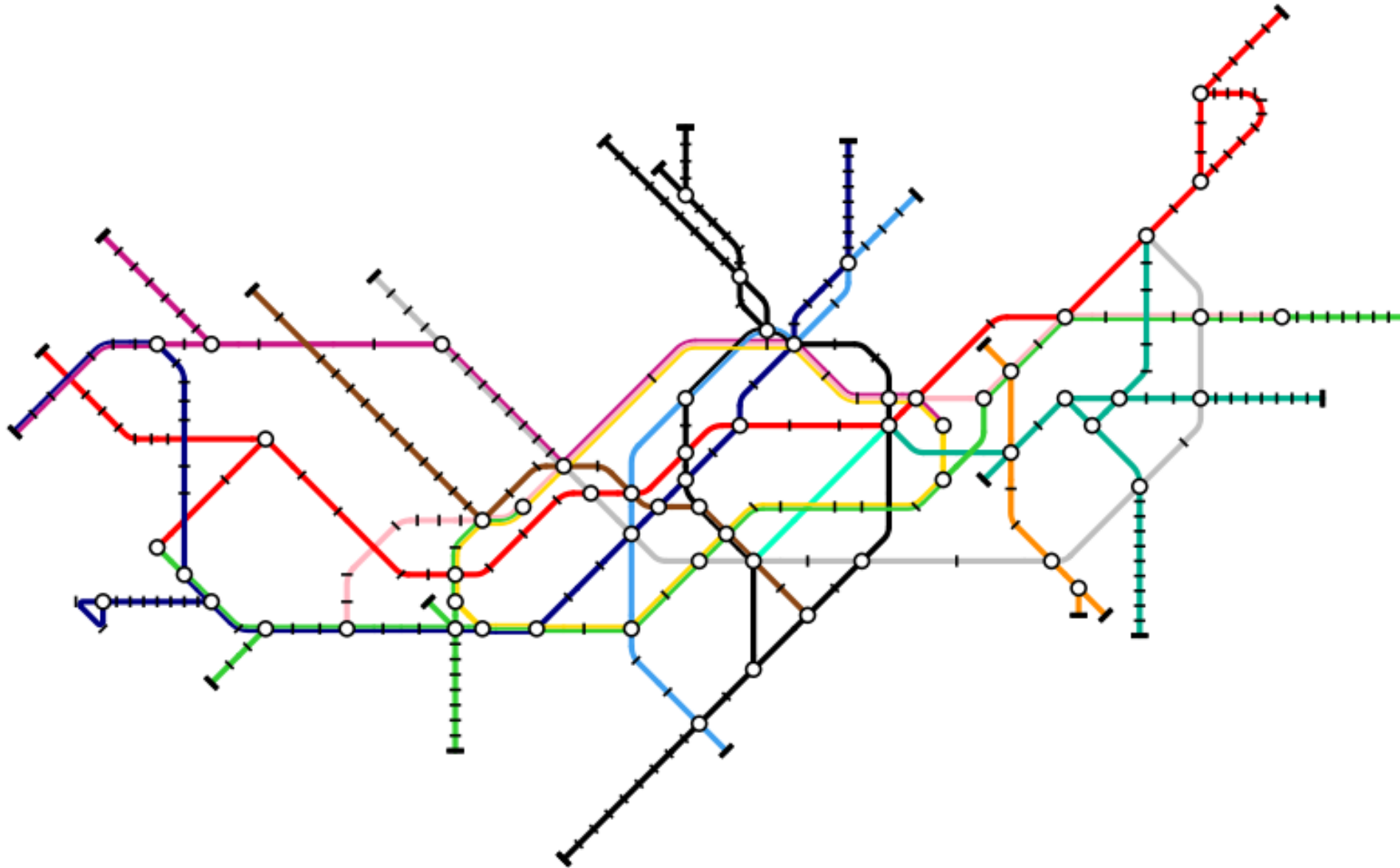
Source: Wiki Commons: London Underground full map - CC BY-SA 3.0

Transportation Network – London Underground

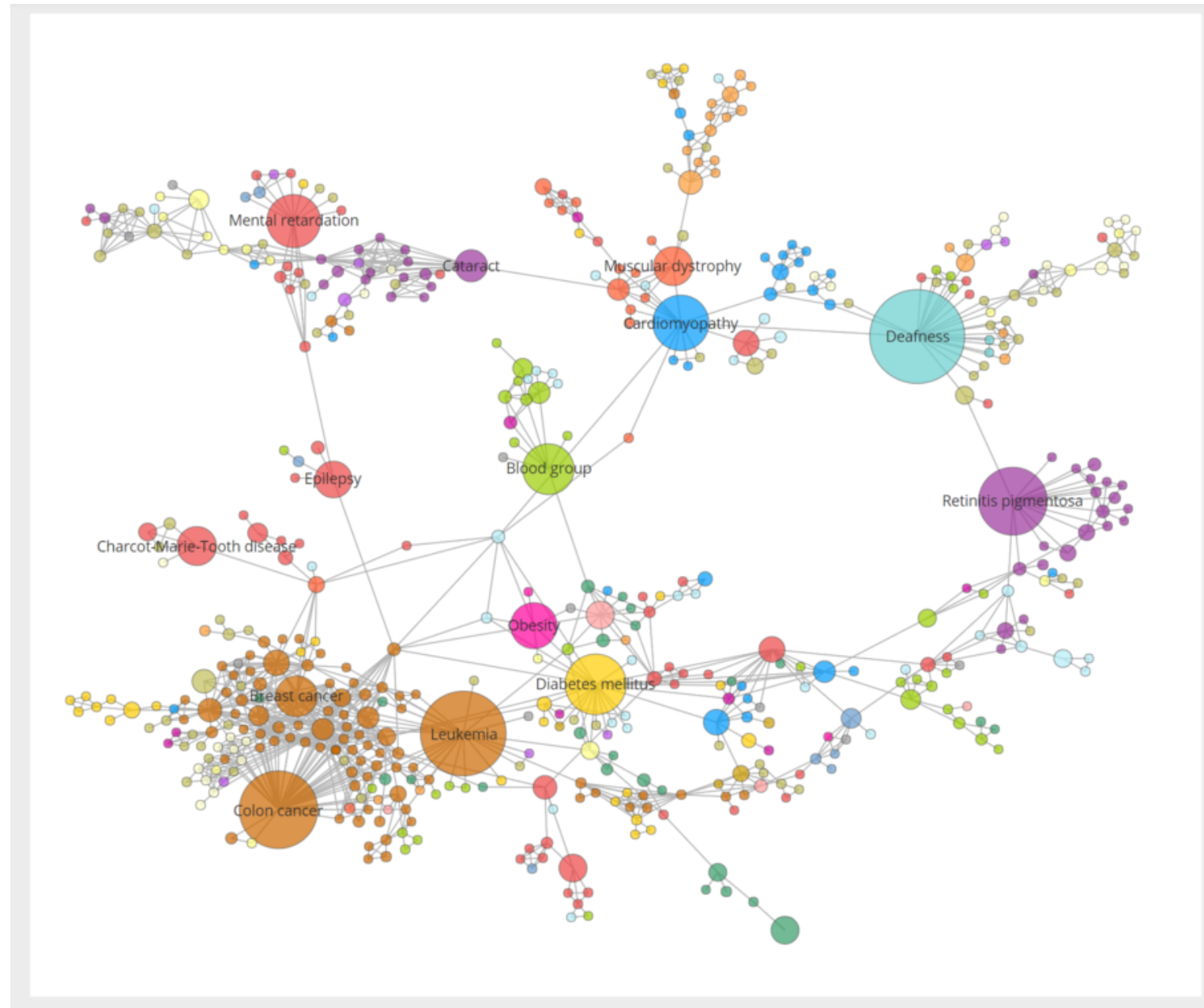
Route map of London Underground, London Overground, Docklands Light Railway and Elizabeth line



Transportation Network – London Underground

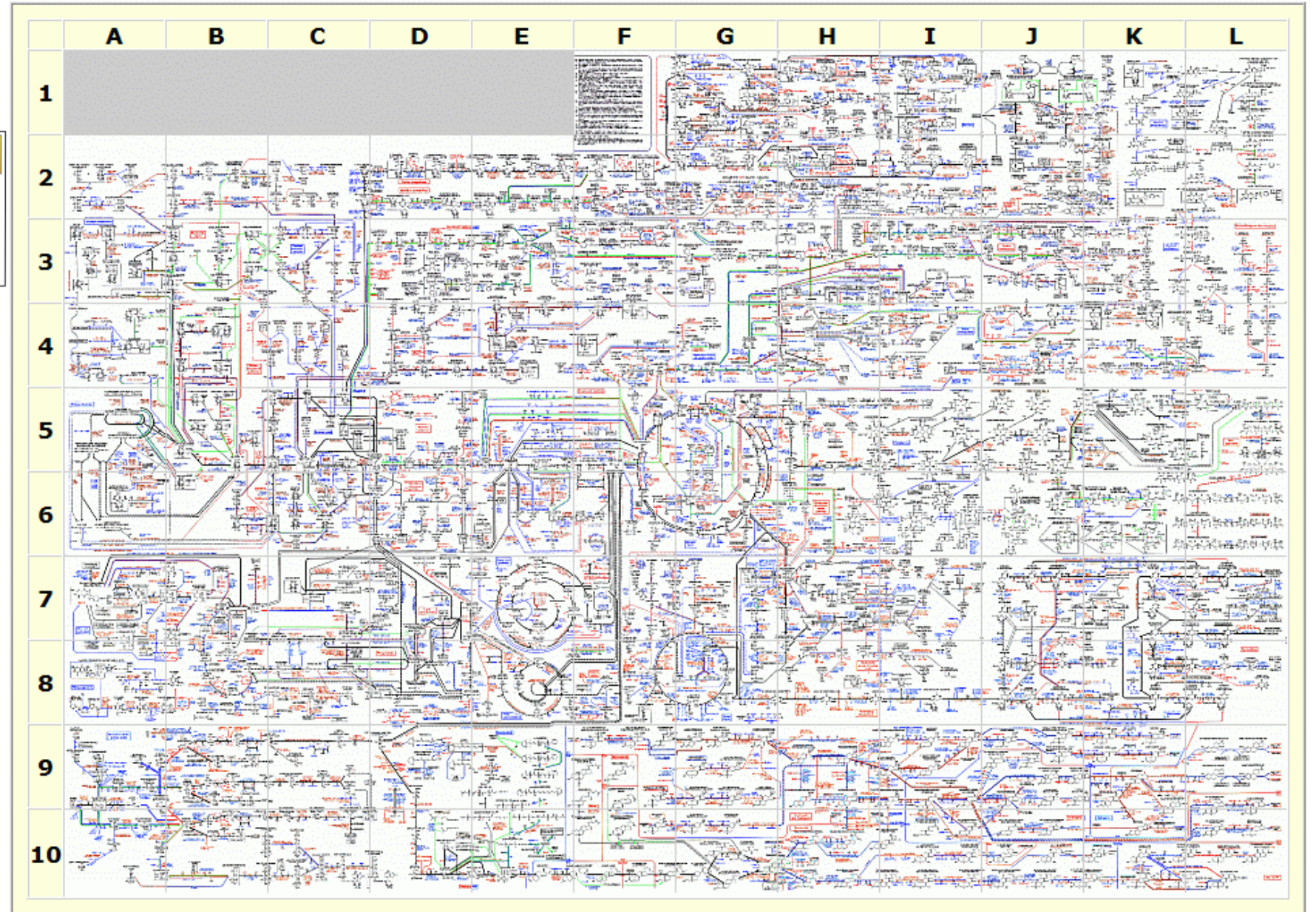
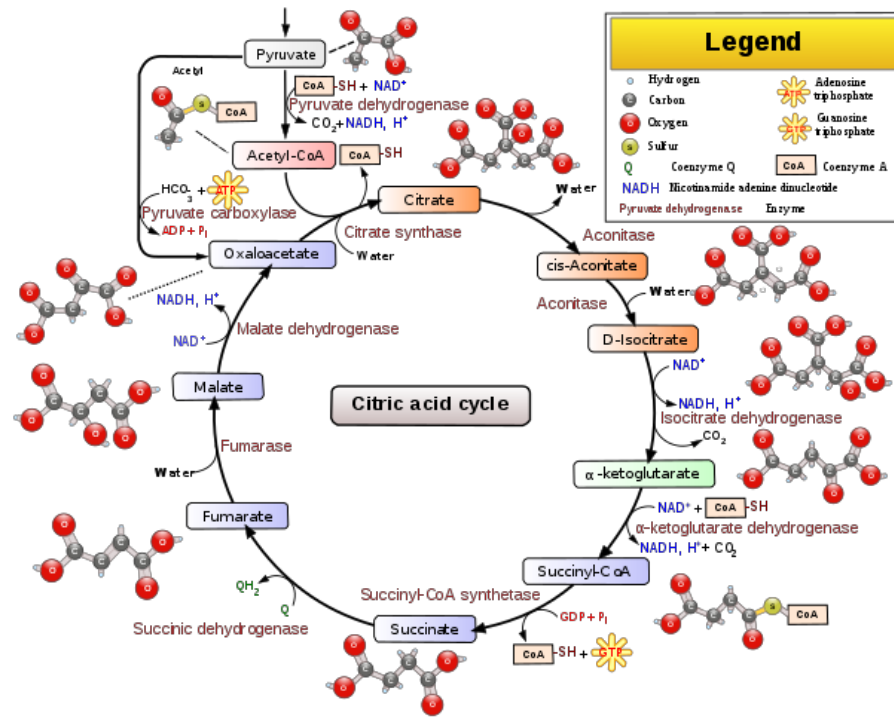


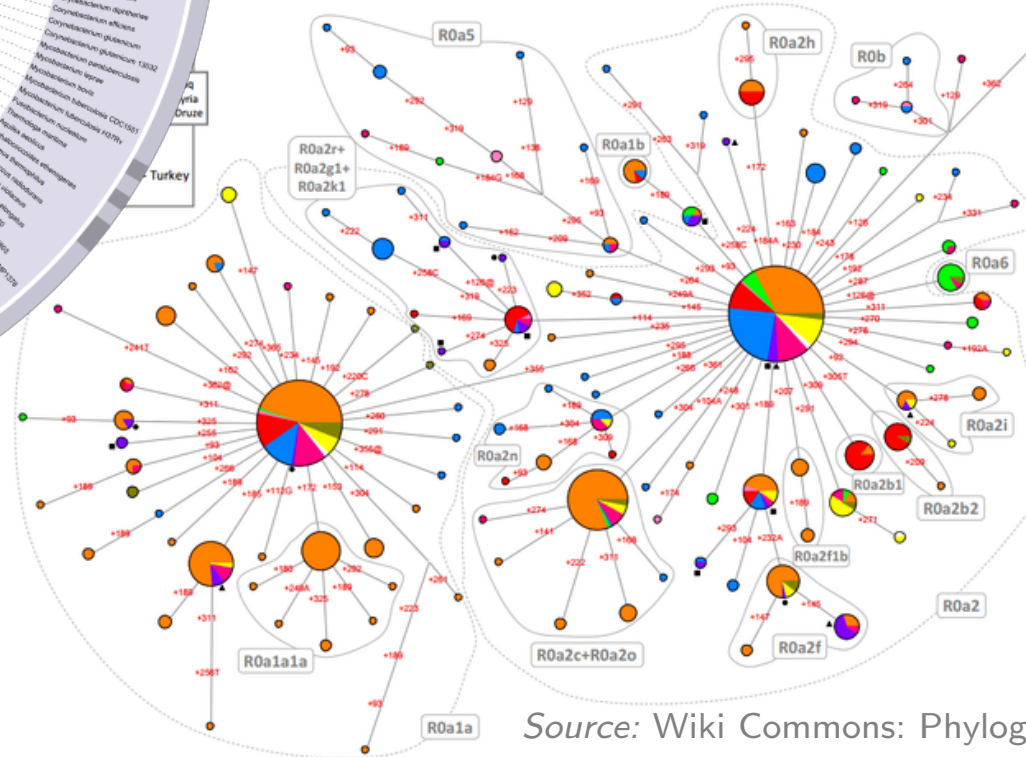
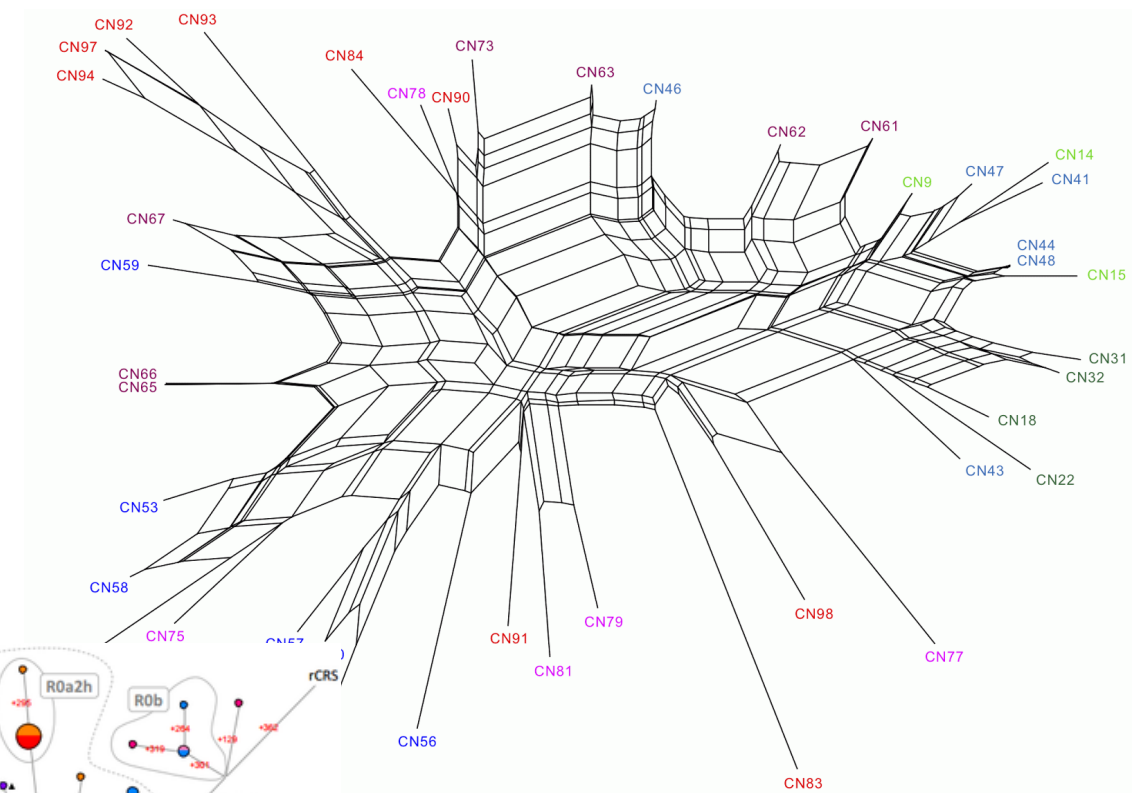
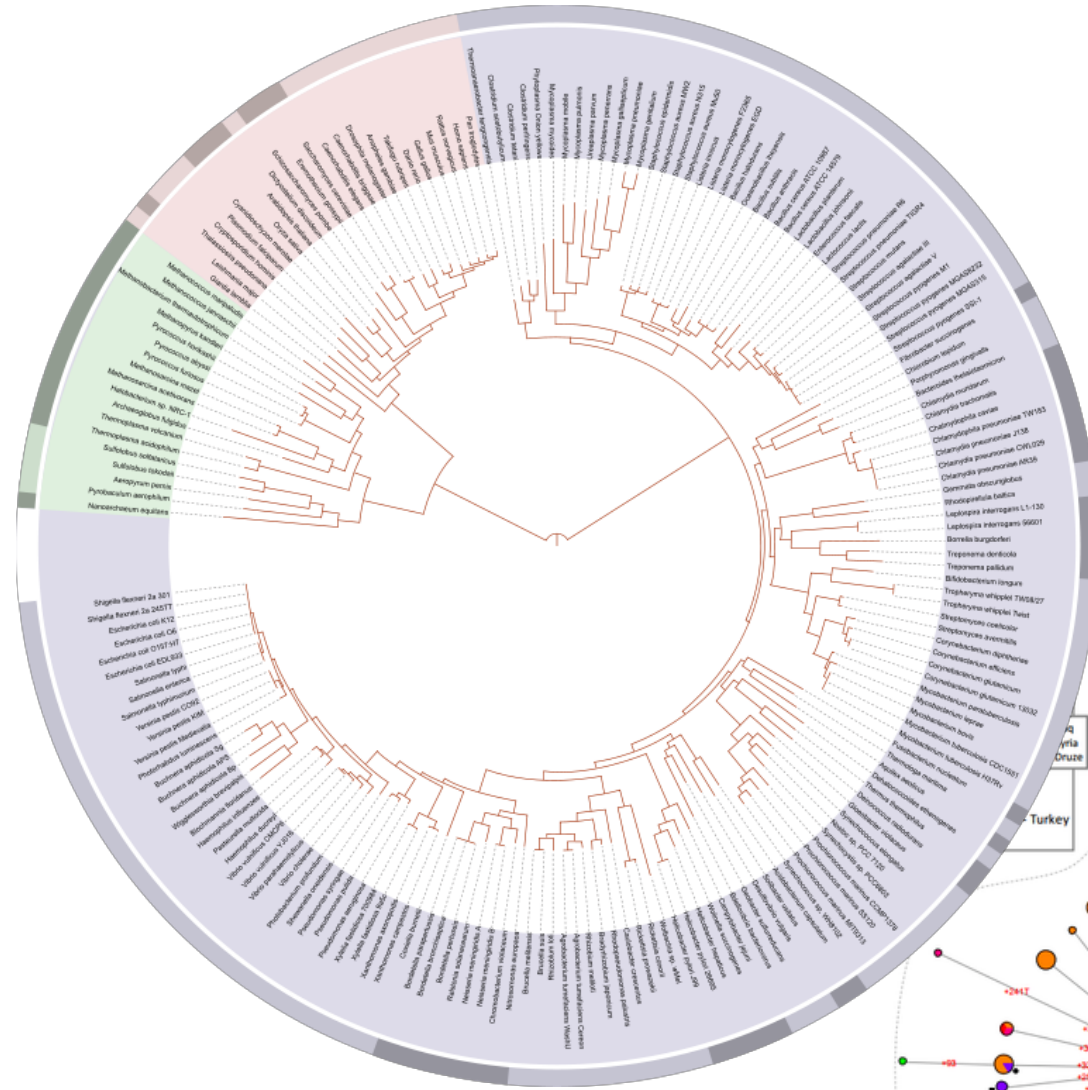
Bioinformatics – Disease Interaction



Source: Wiki Commons: Human disease network - CC BY-SA 4.0

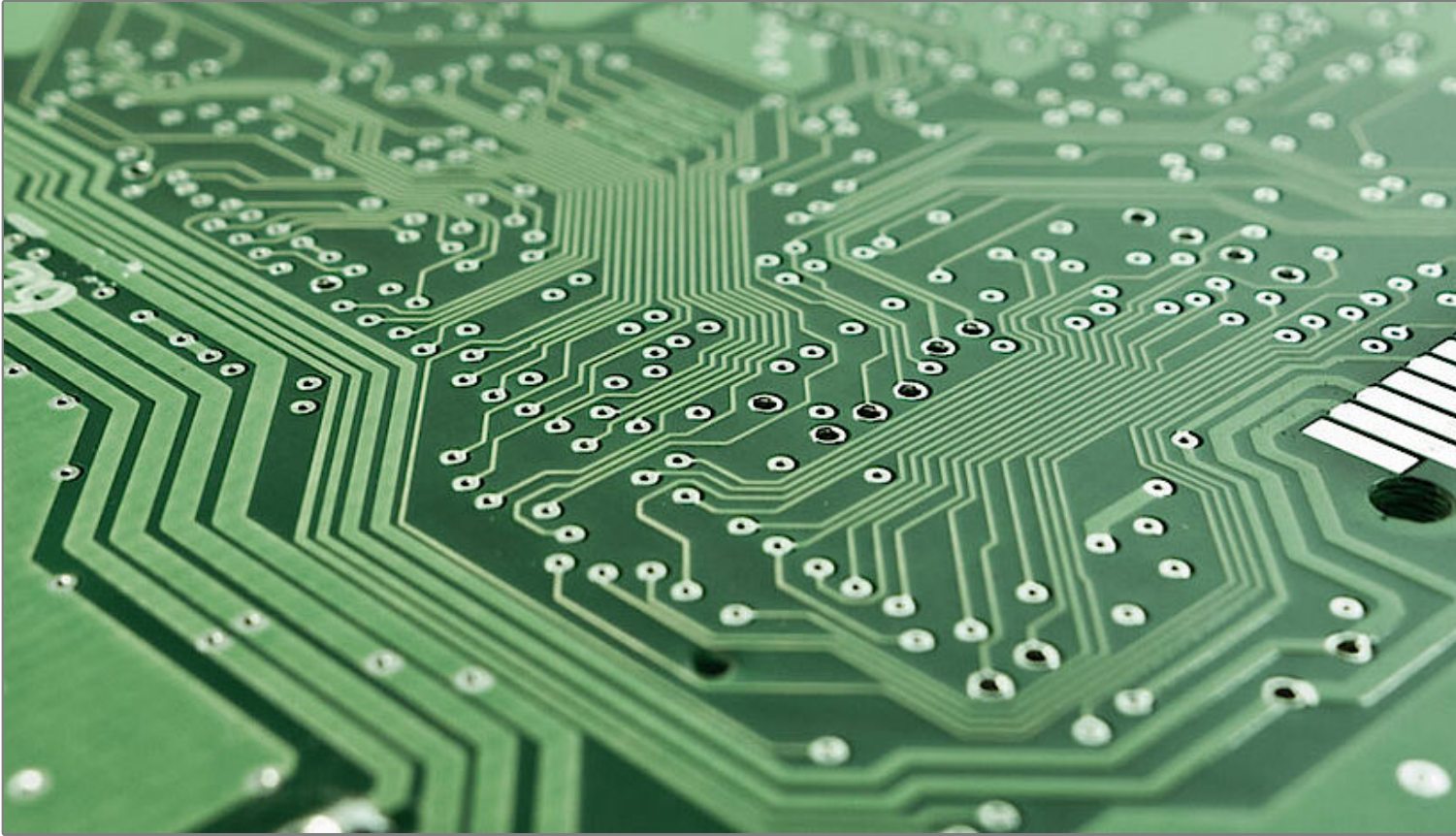
Bioinformatics – Molecular Metabolic Network





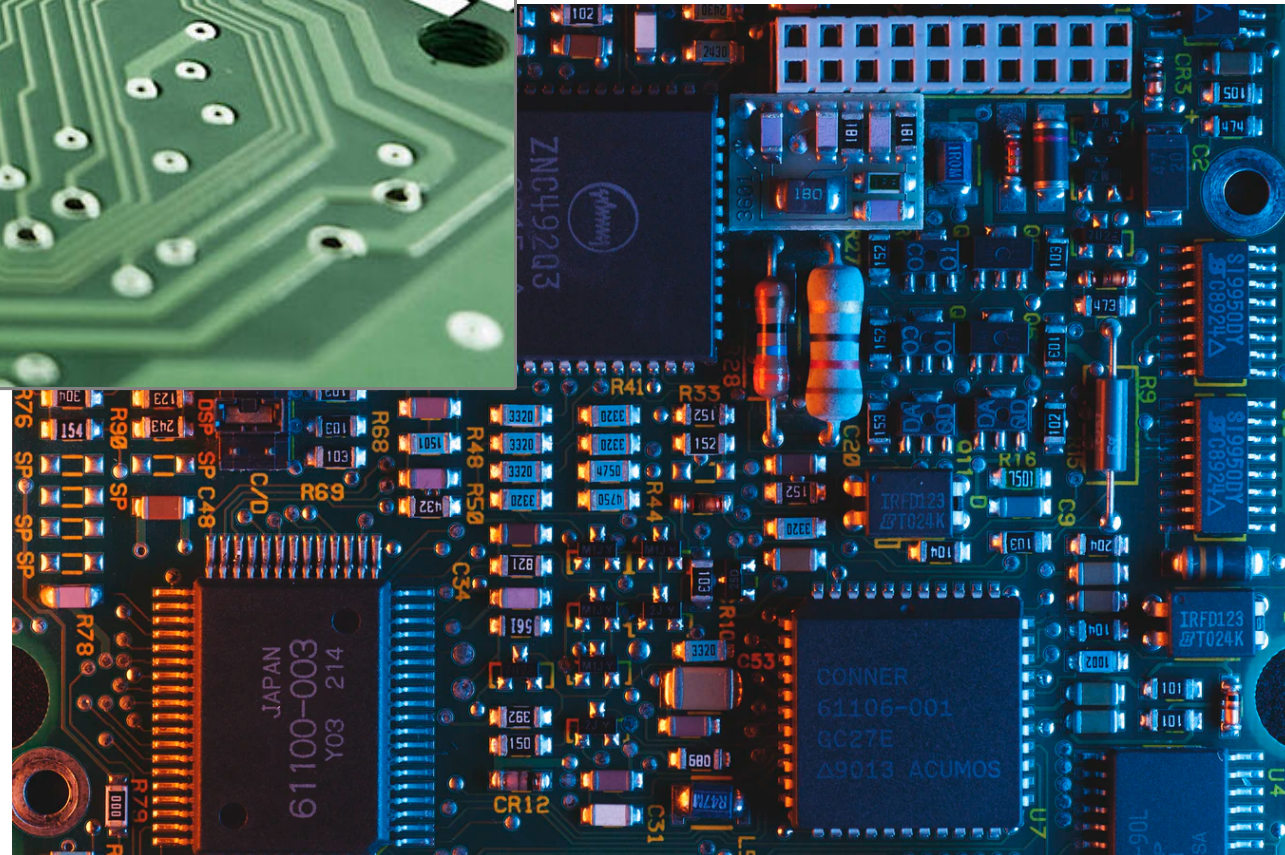
Source: Wiki Commons: Phylogenetic network of HVS-I variation - CC BY 4.0

Technical Network – Very Large-Scale Integration (VLSI)

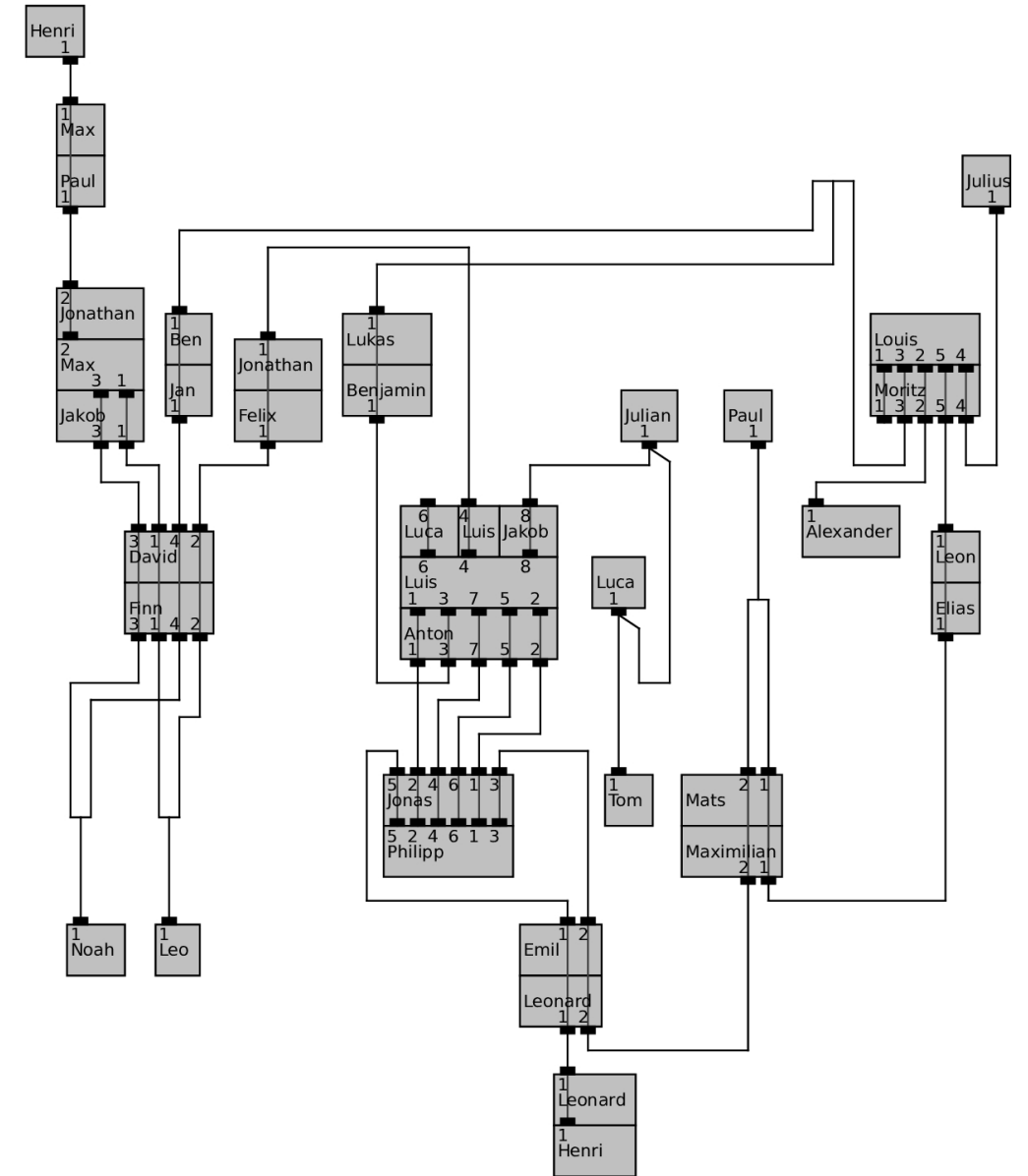
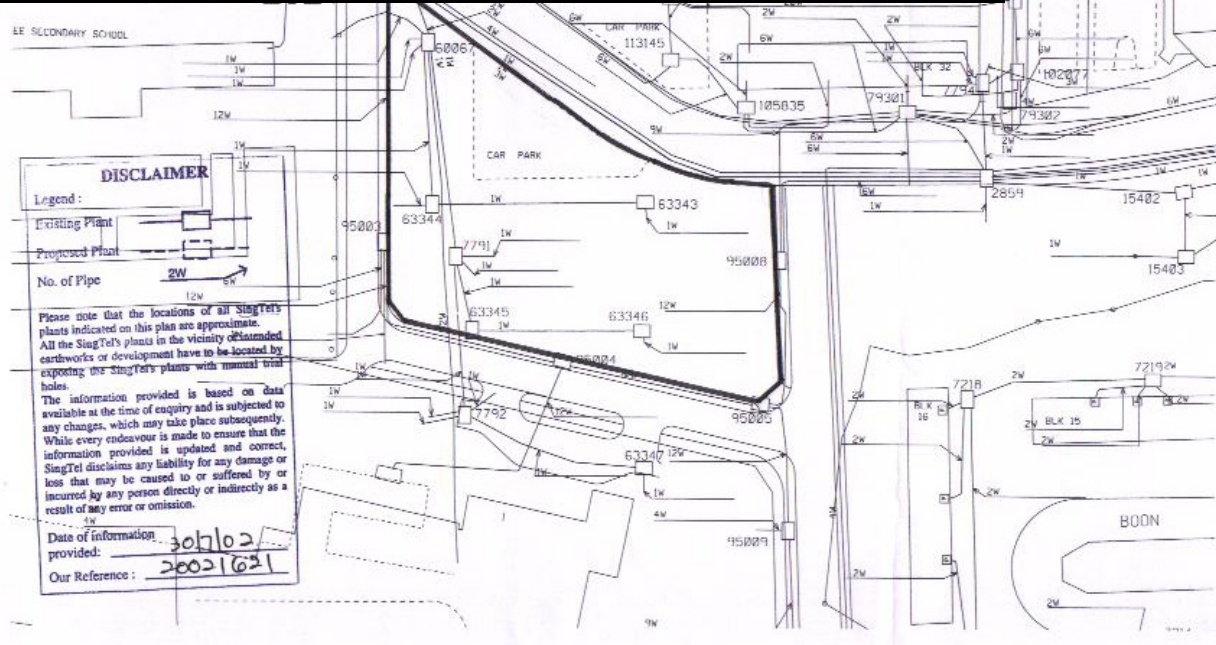
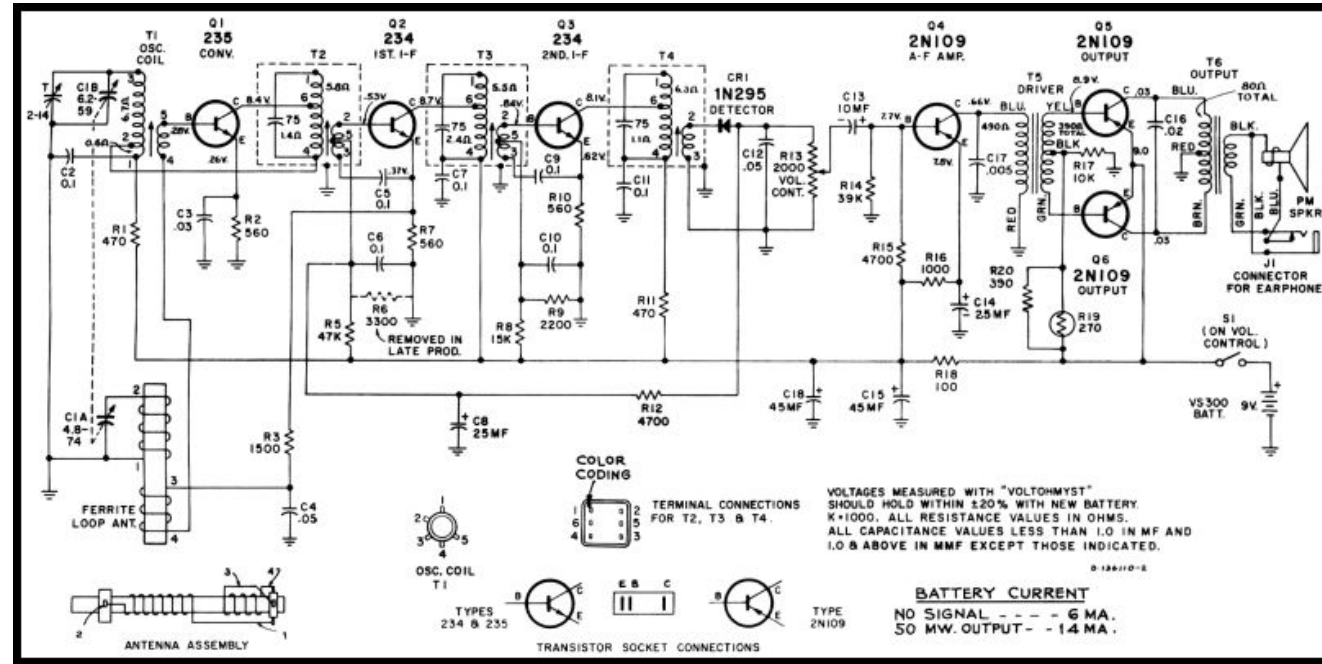


Source: Pixabay

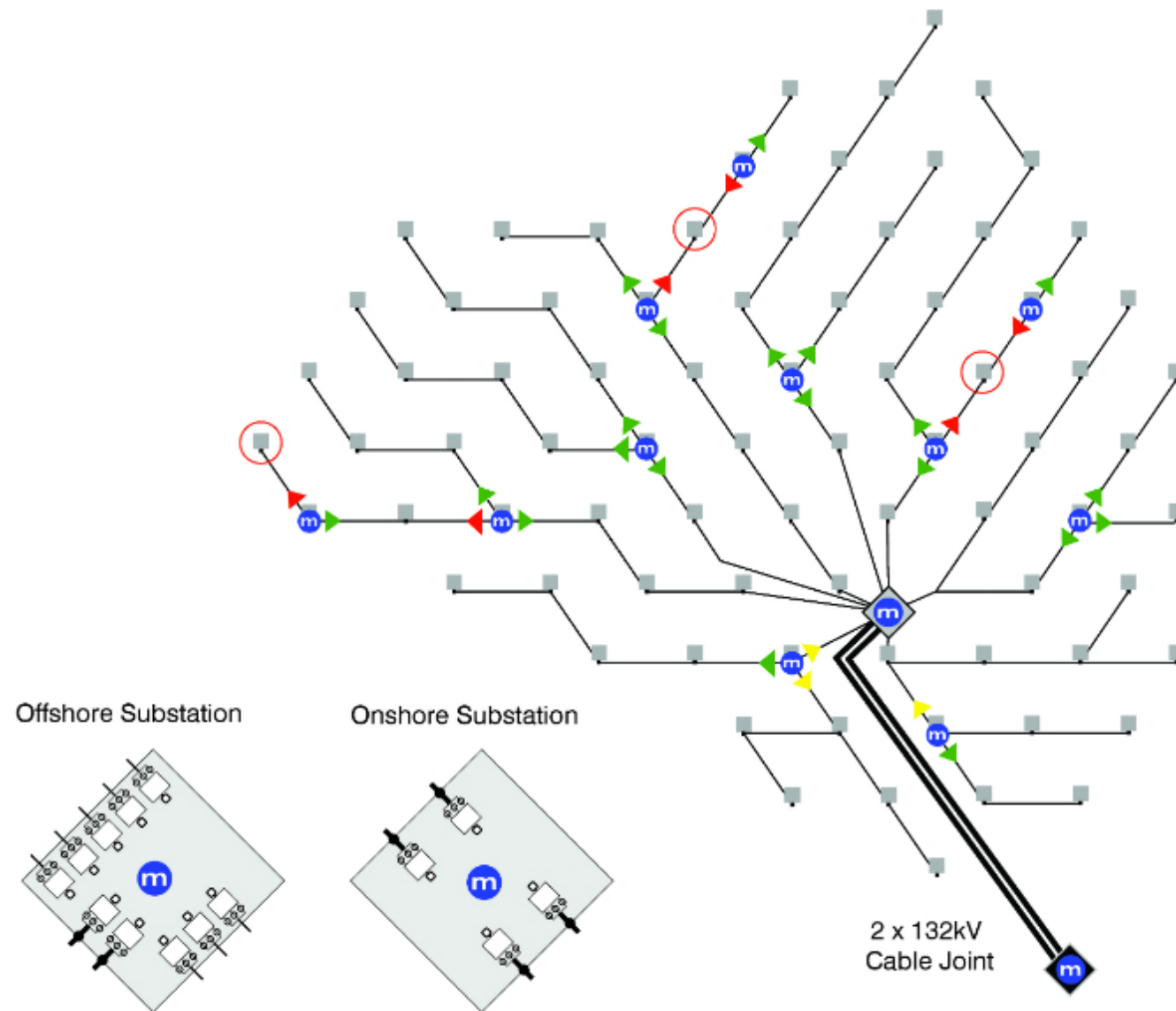
Source: Wiki Commons: Diopsis - CC BY-SA 3.0



Technical Network – Transistor Diagram, Wiring Diagram

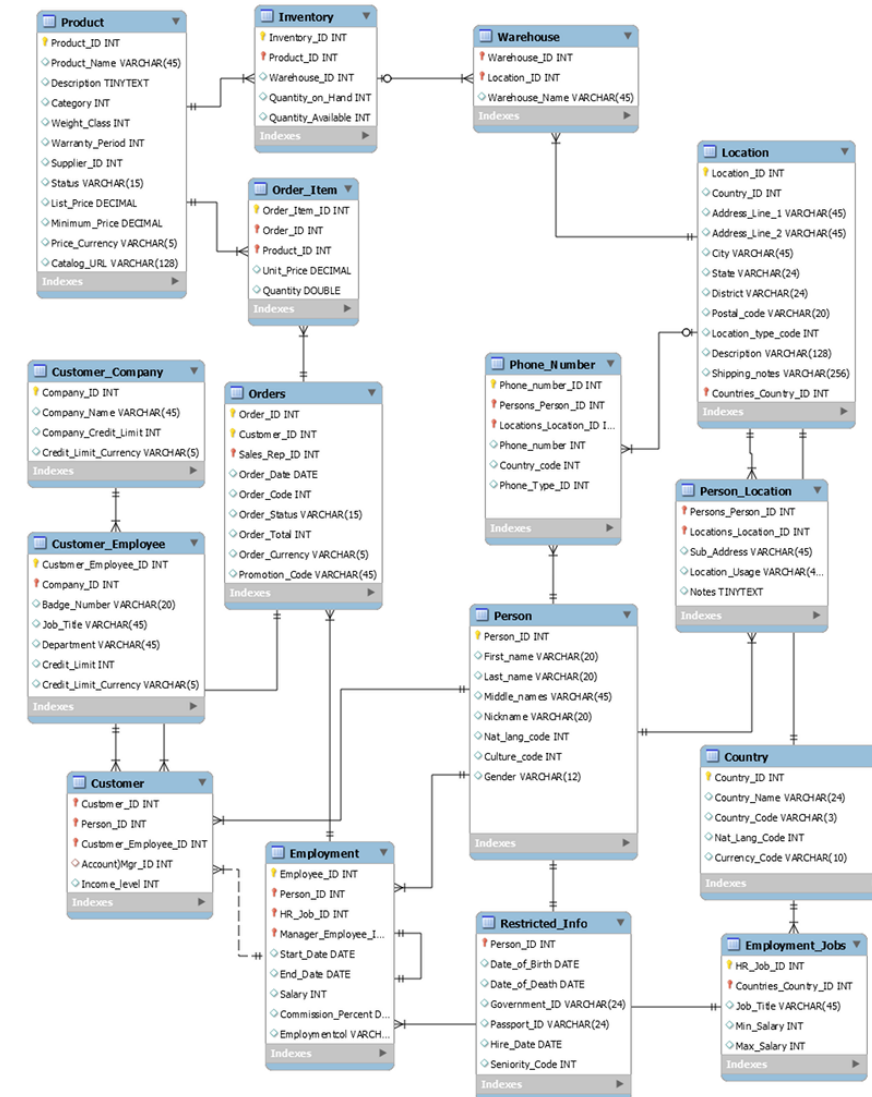
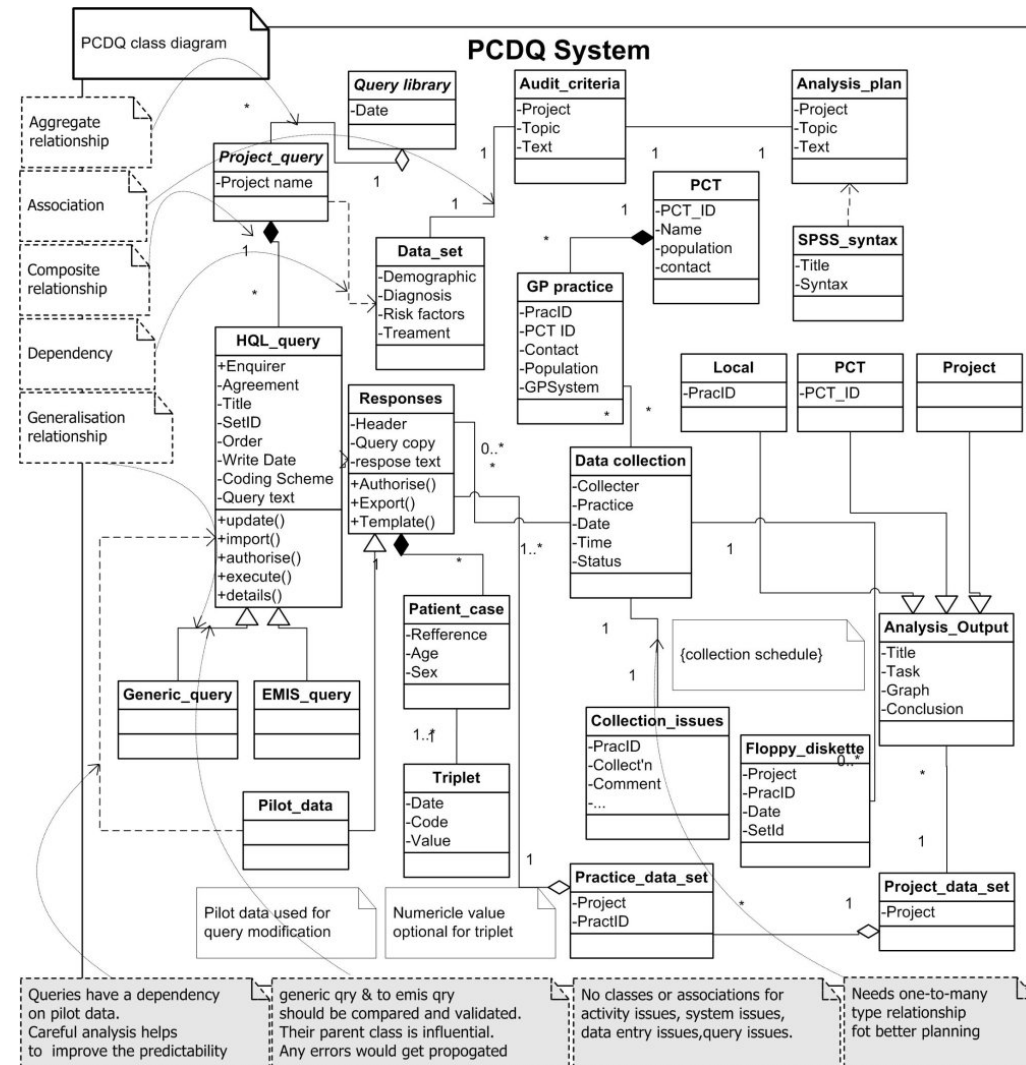


Technical Networks – Offshore Wind Farms



Source: Wiki Commons: Alpha Ventus Windmills - CC BY-SA 3.0

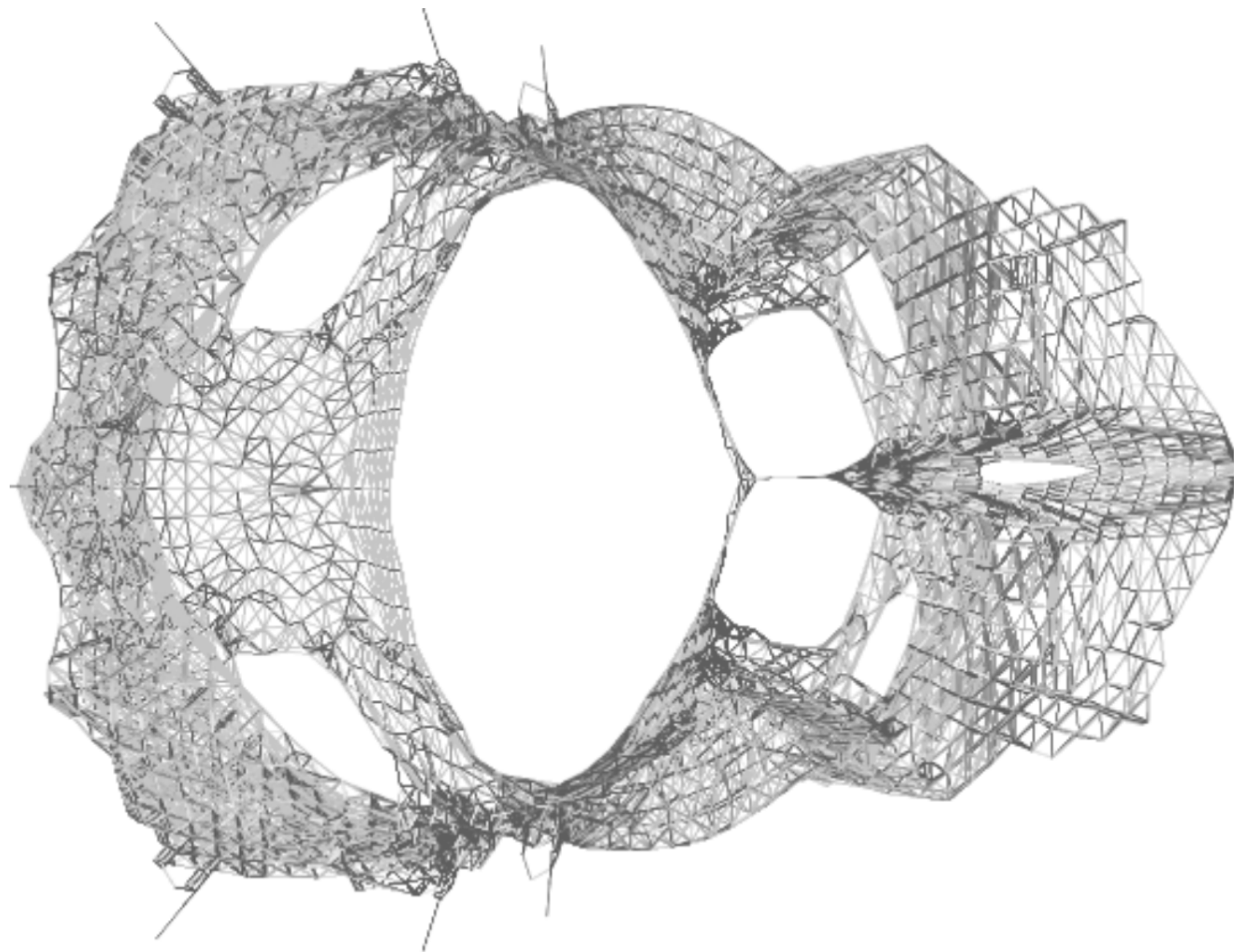
Technical Network – UML Diagram



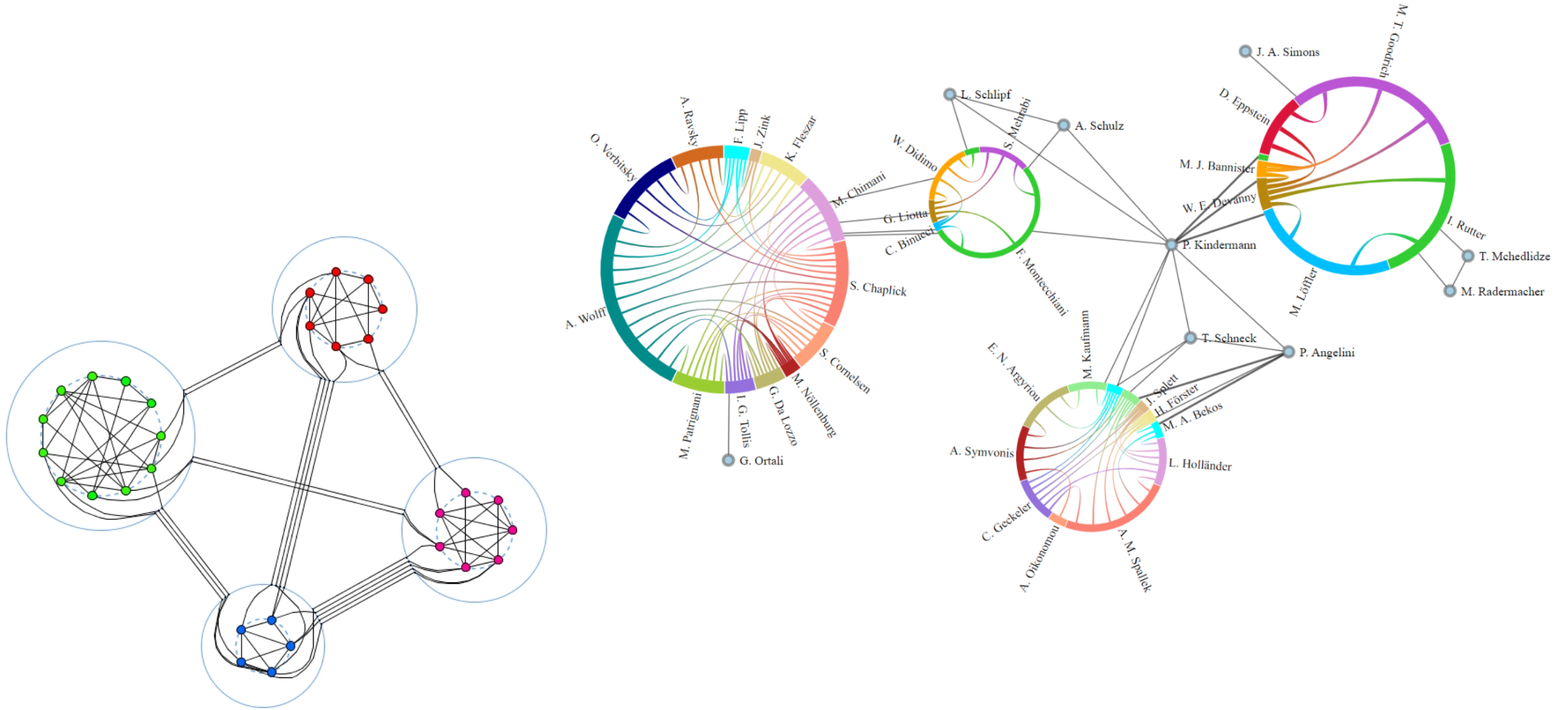
LORD OF THE RINGS



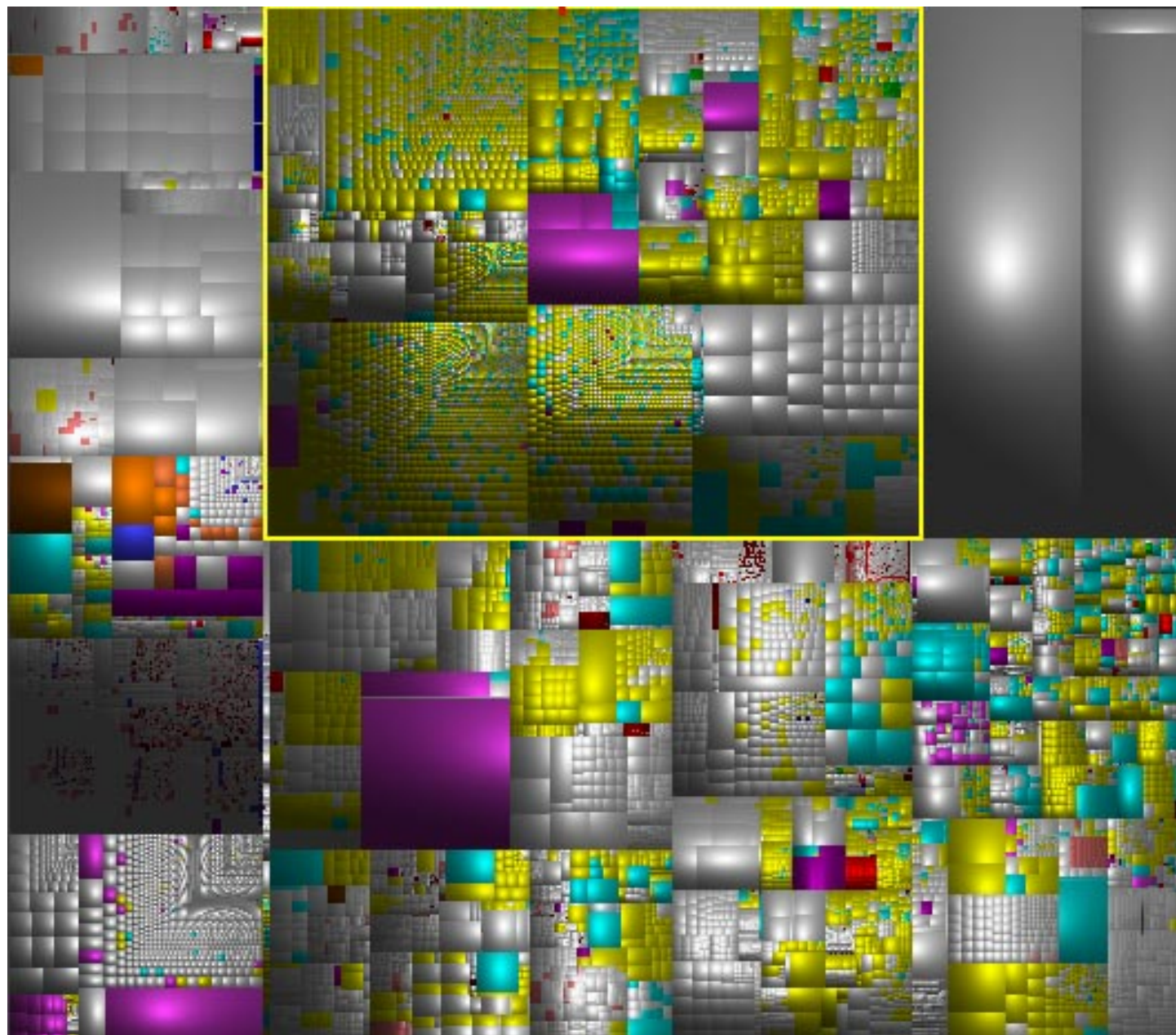
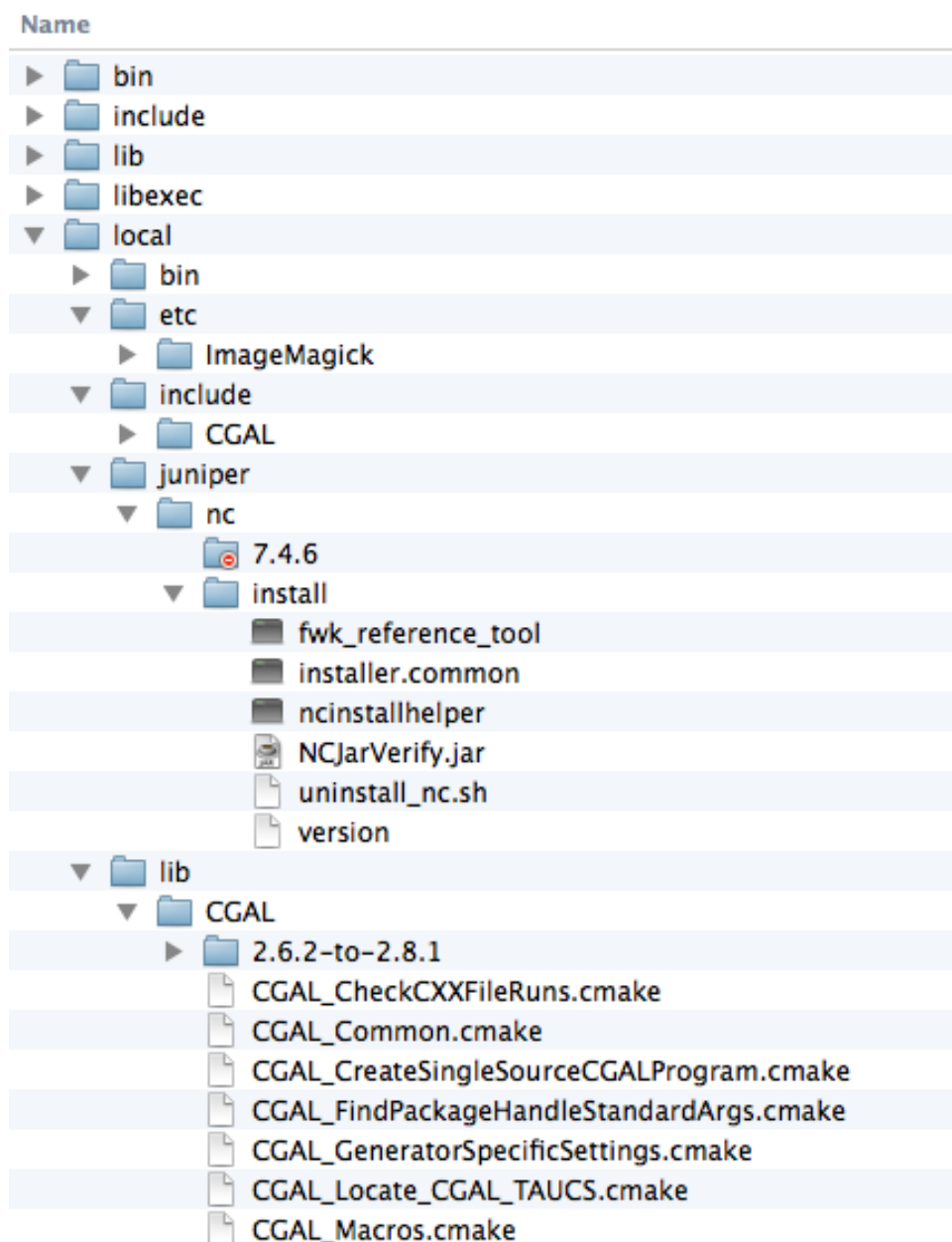
Large Graphs – Object Mesh



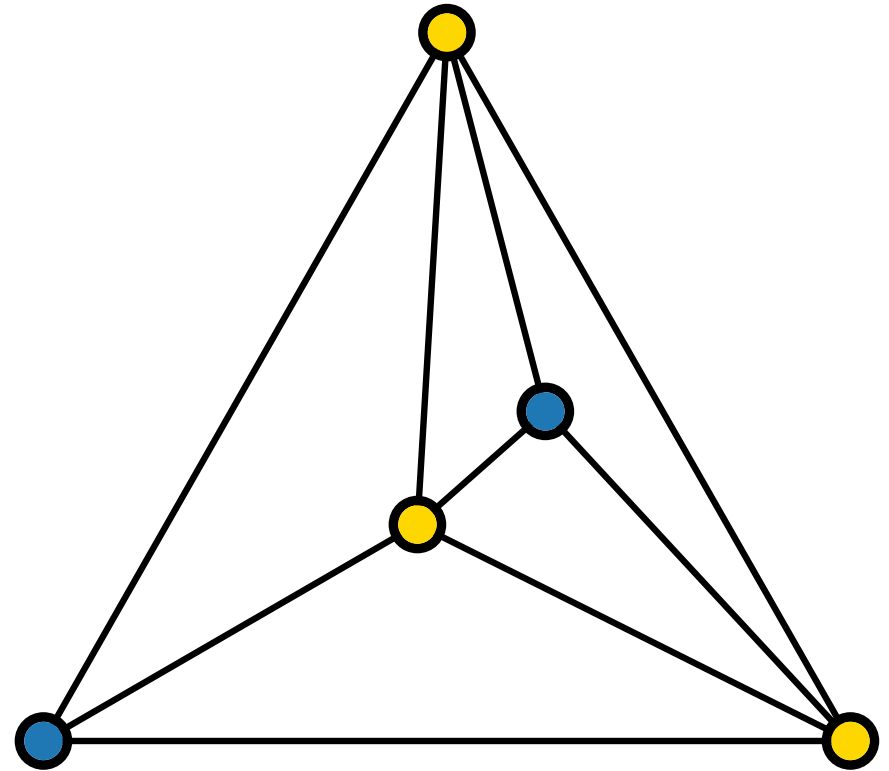
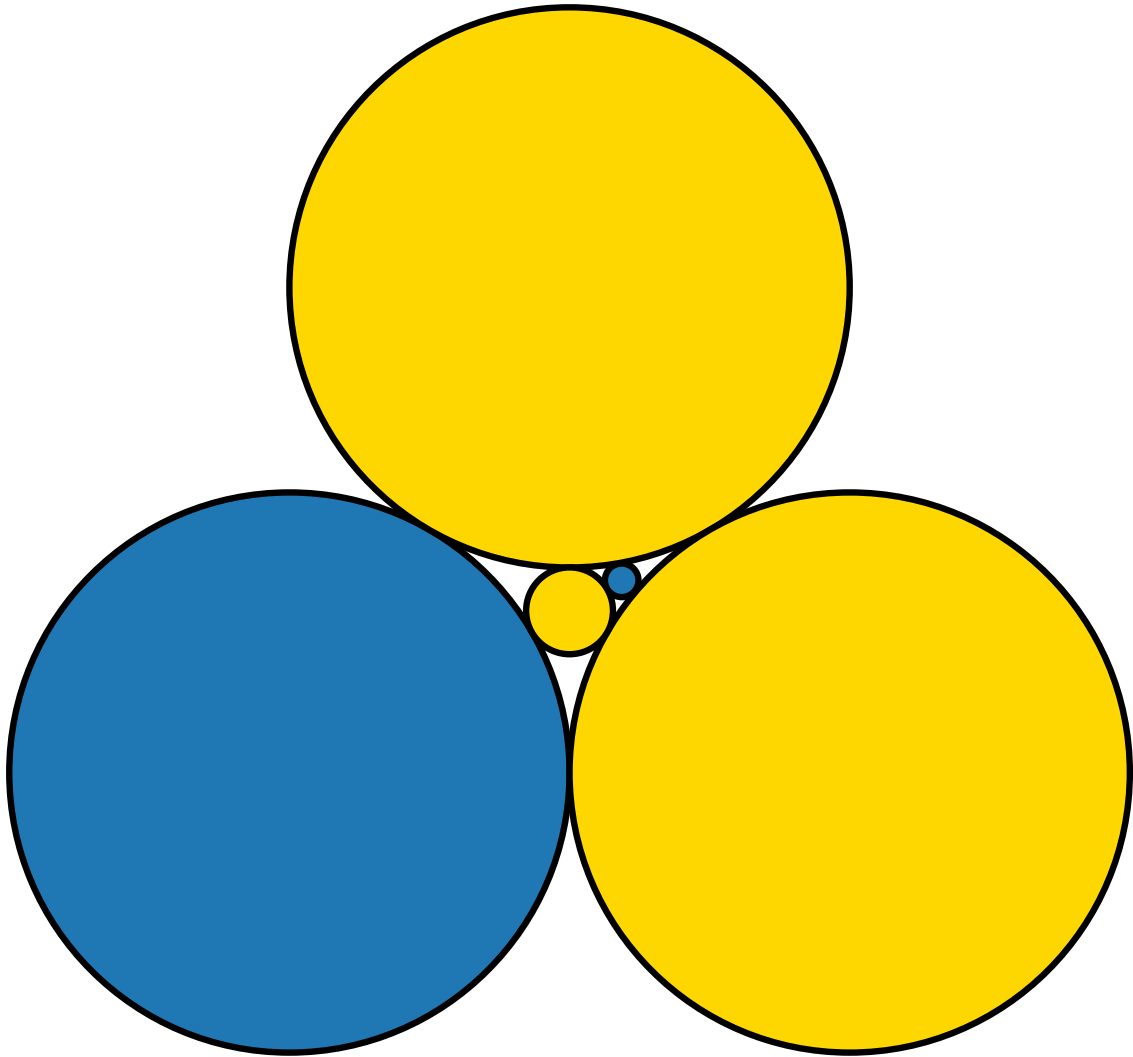
General Graphs – Micro–Macro Layout



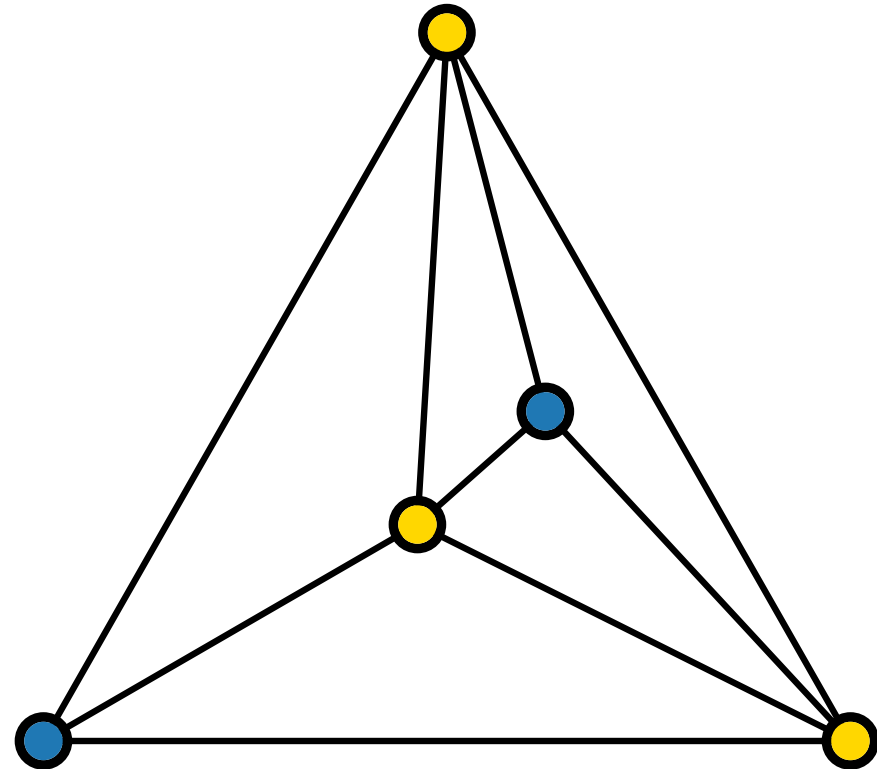
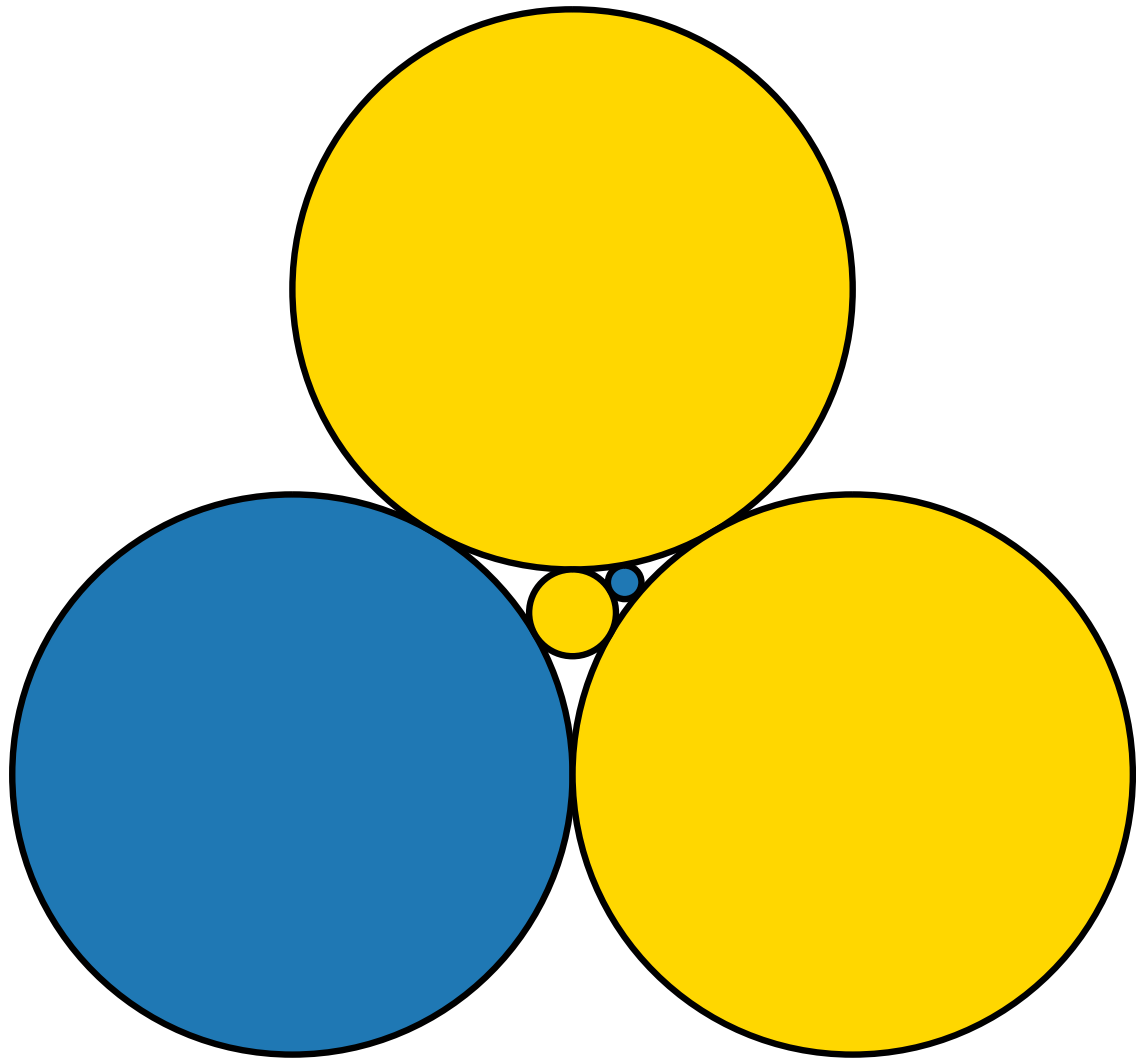
Alternative Representations – Treemap



Alternative Representations – Contact Graphs



Alternative Representations – Contact Graphs



■ For more examples see visualcomplexity.com

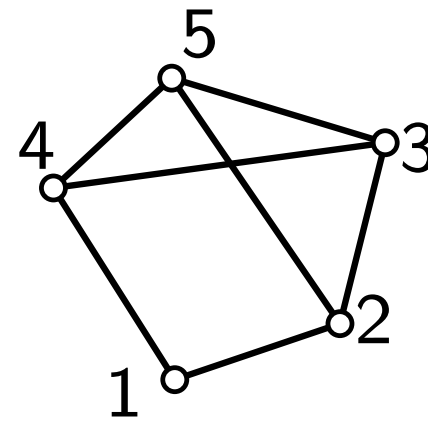
Requirements of a Graph Layout

1. Drawing conventions and requirements, e.g.,

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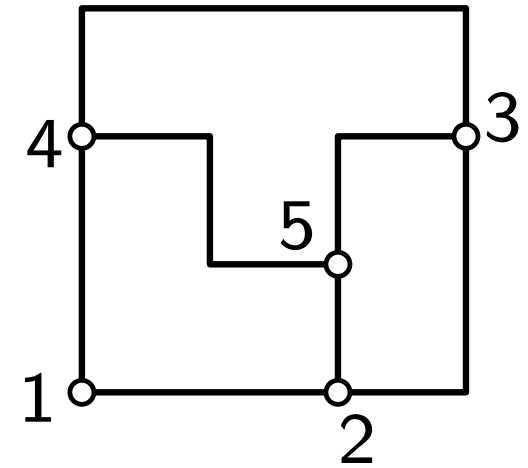
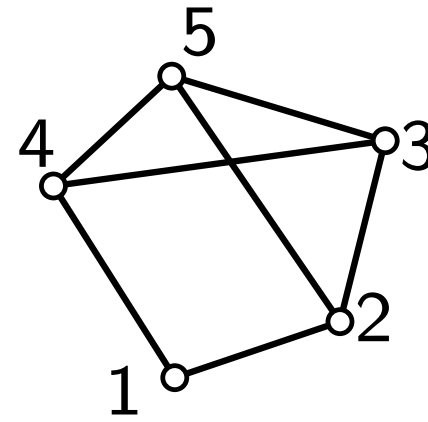
- straight edges with $\Gamma(uv) = \overline{\Gamma(u)\Gamma(v)}$



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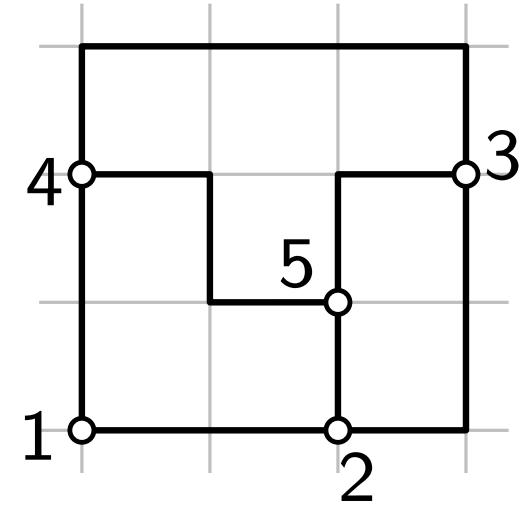
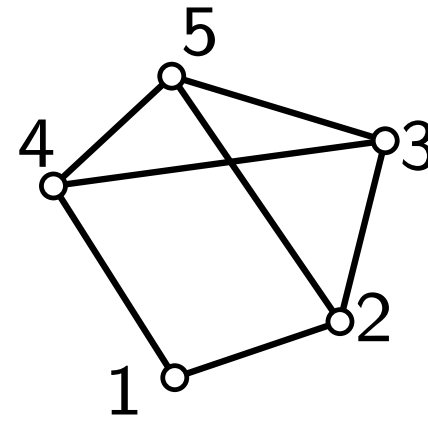
- straight edges with $\Gamma(uv) = \overline{\Gamma(u)\Gamma(v)}$
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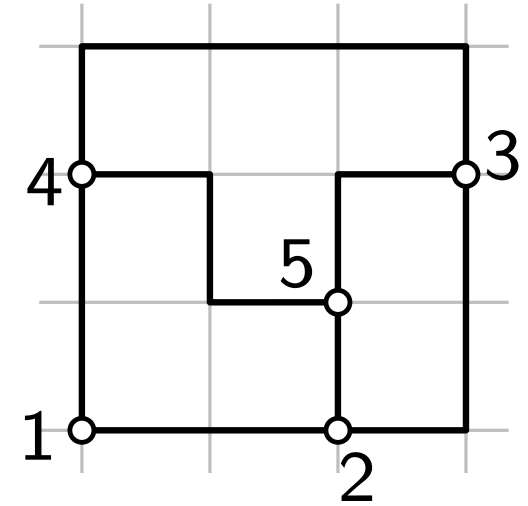
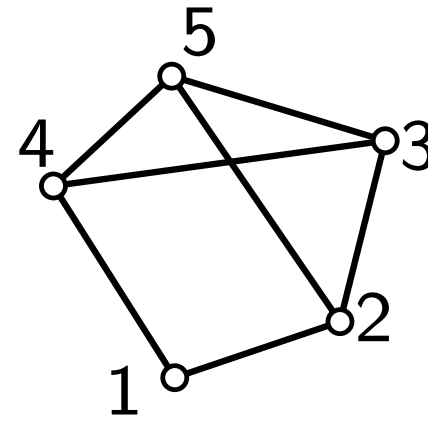
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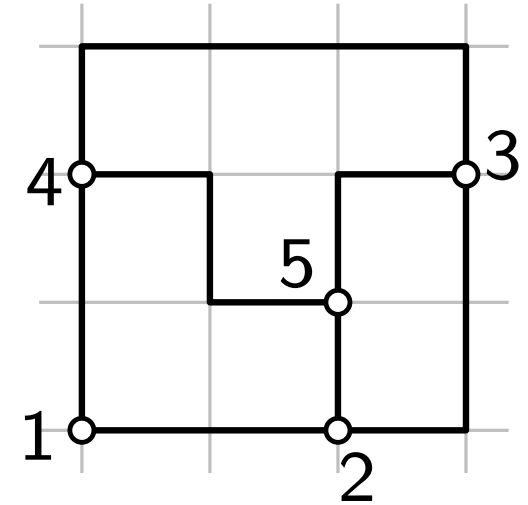
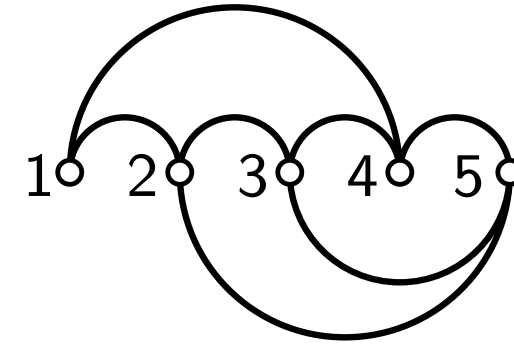
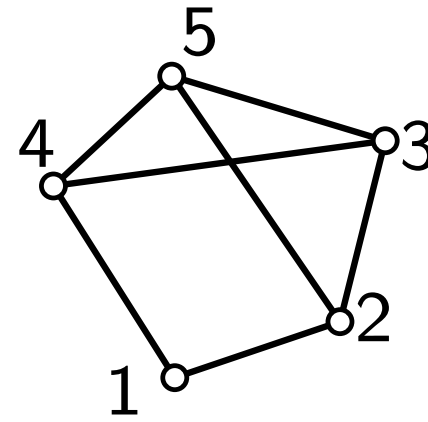
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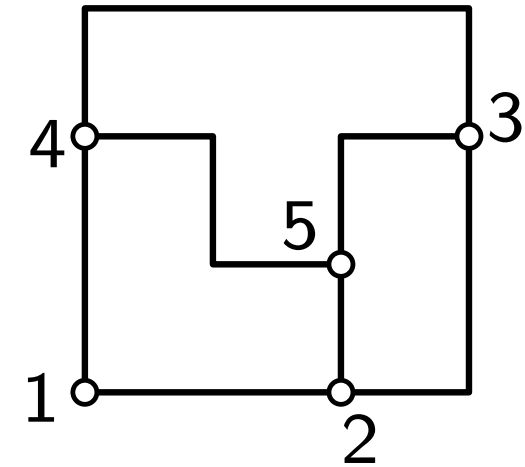
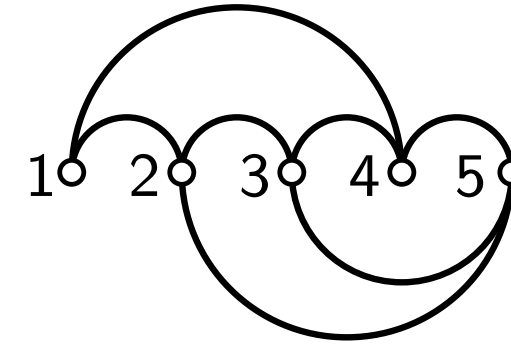
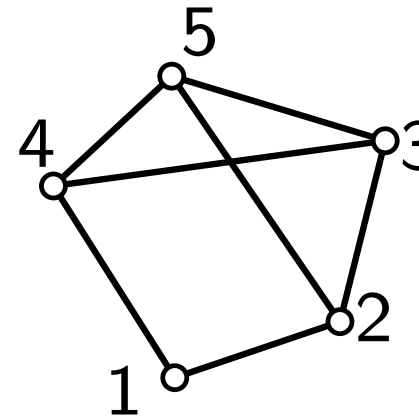


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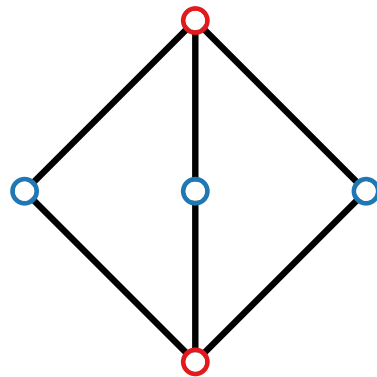
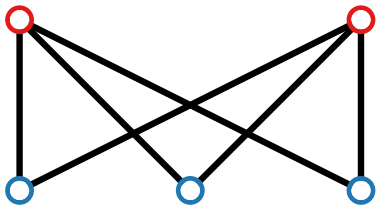
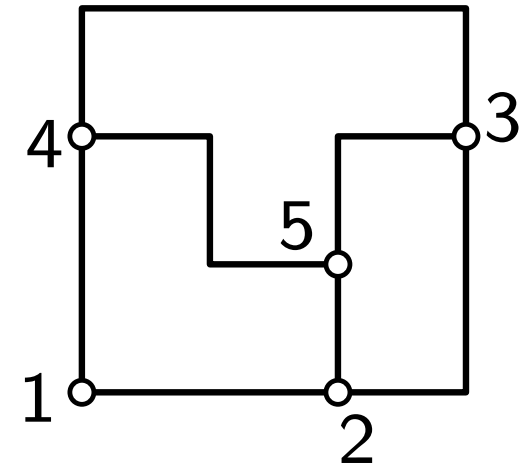
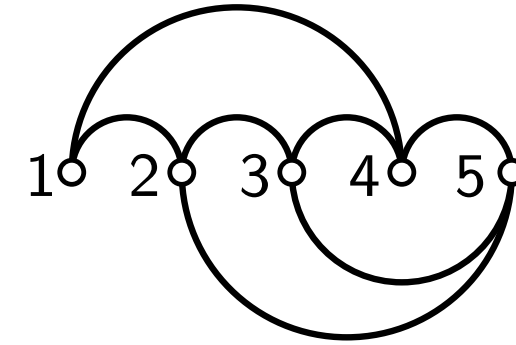
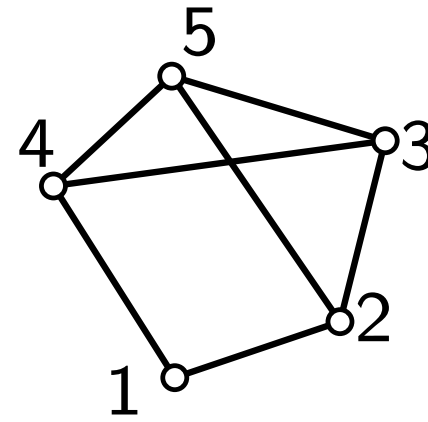
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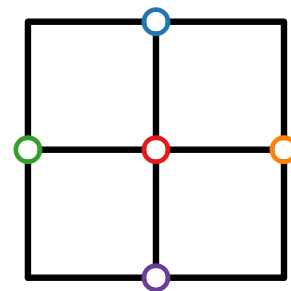
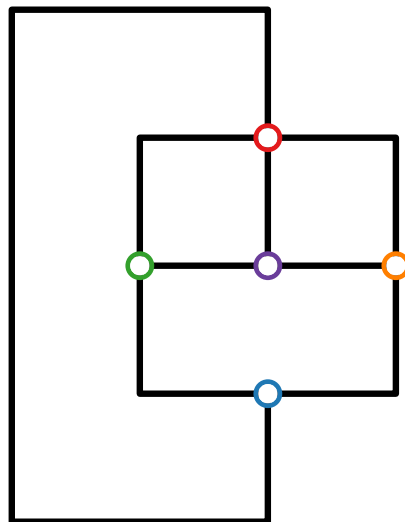
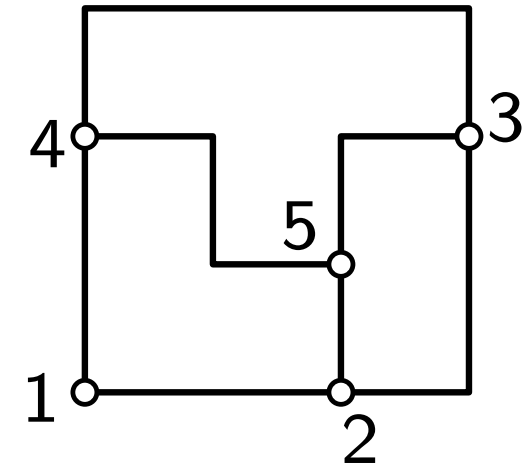
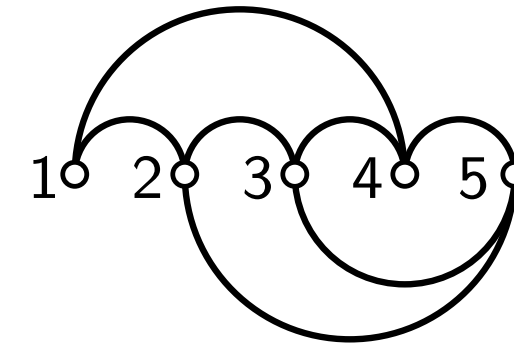
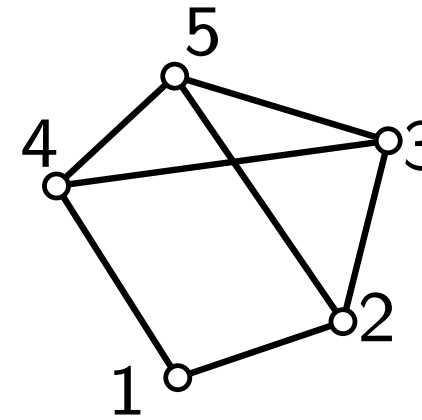
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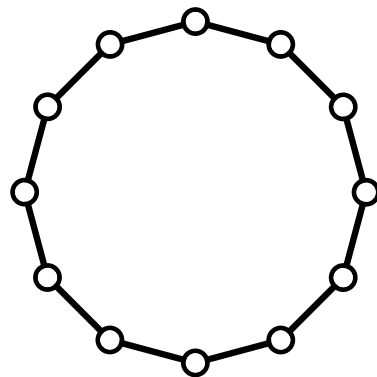
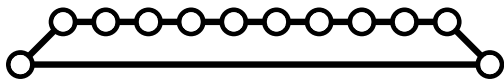
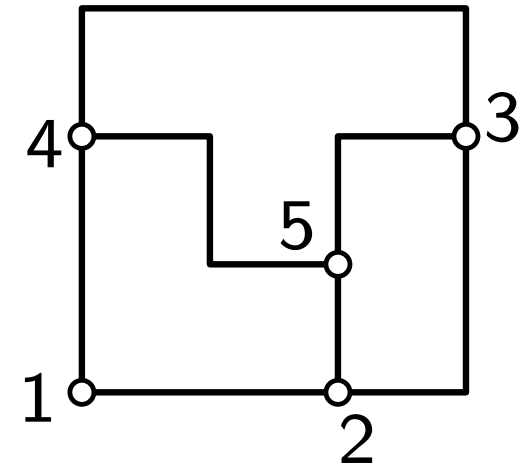
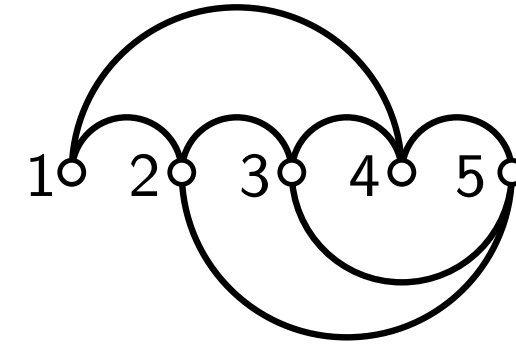
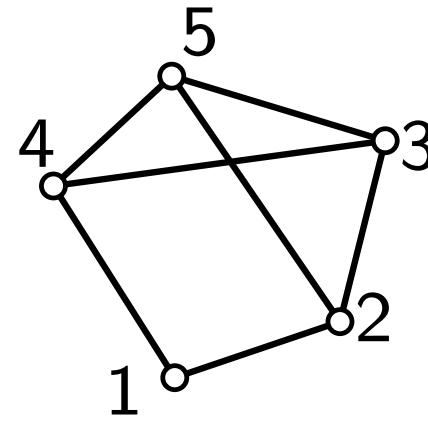
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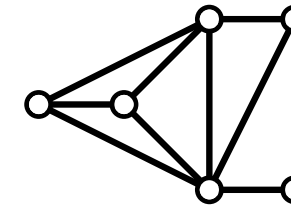
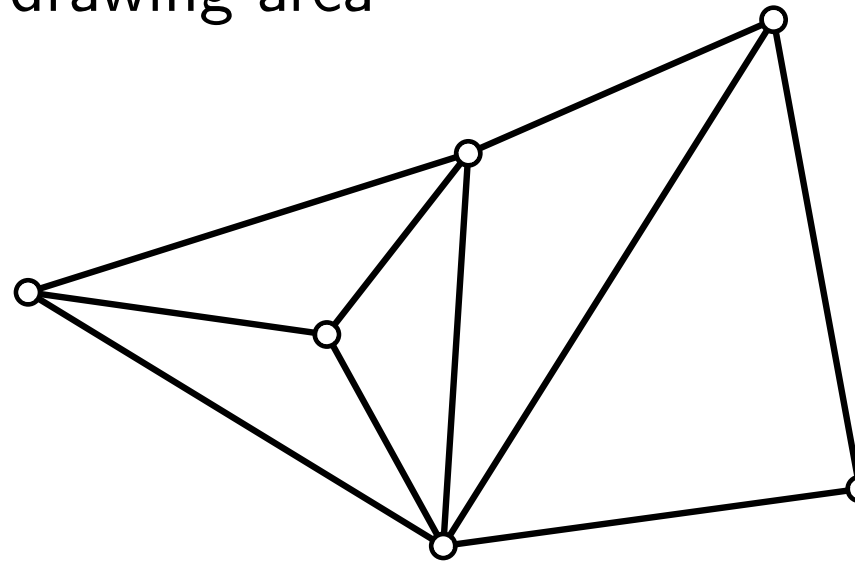
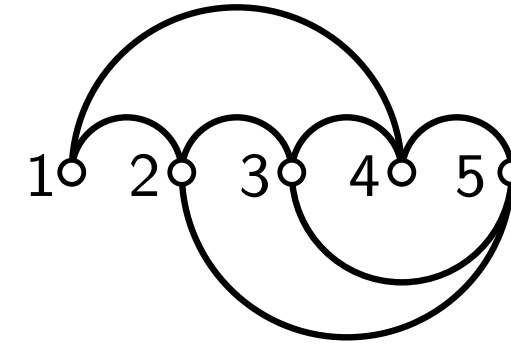
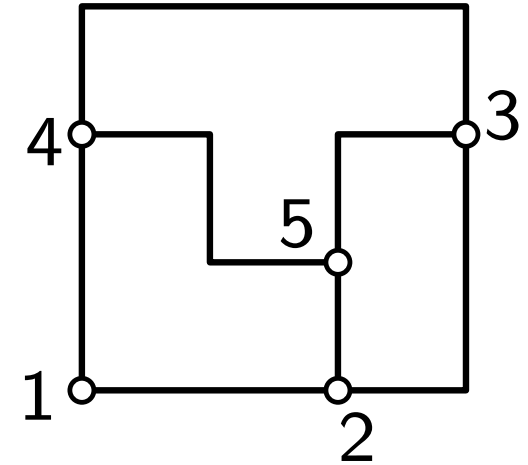
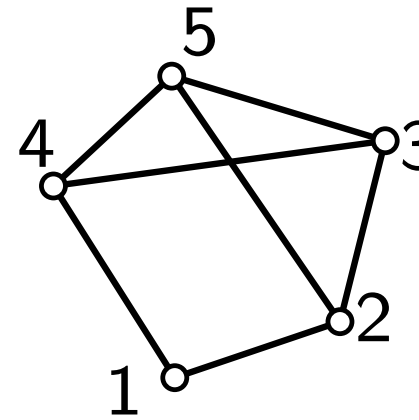
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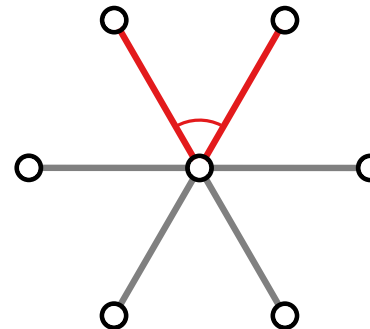
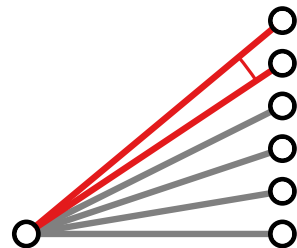
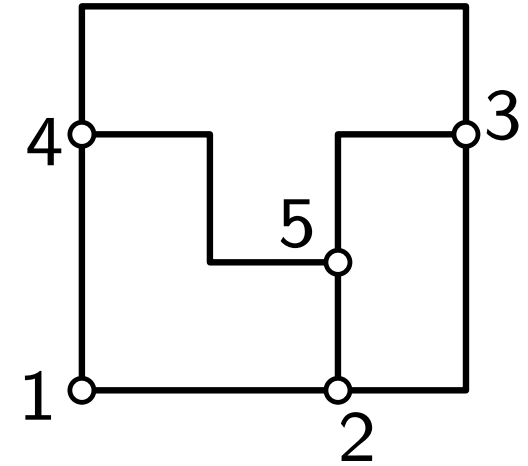
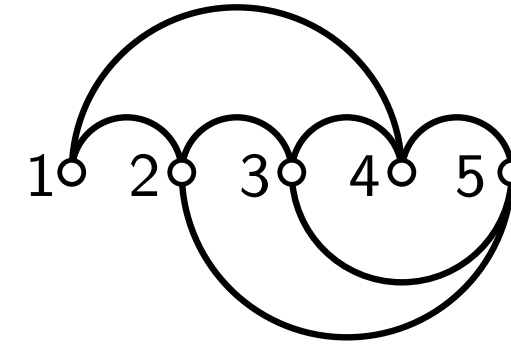
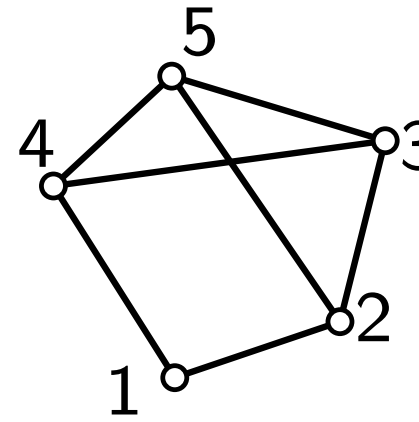
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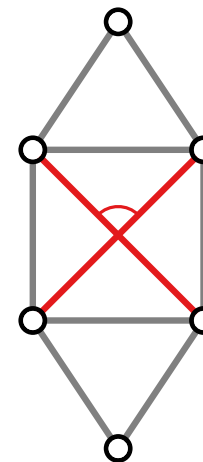
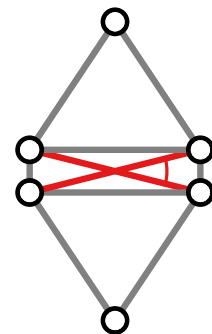
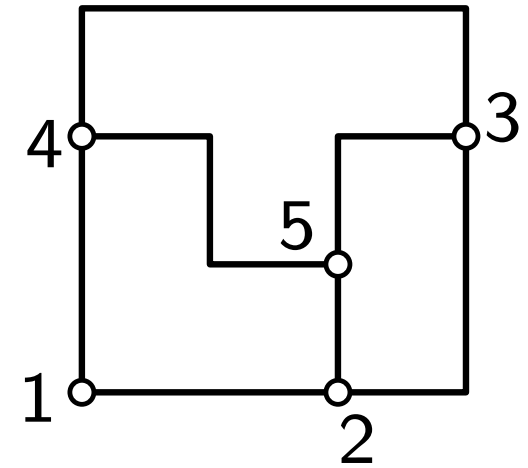
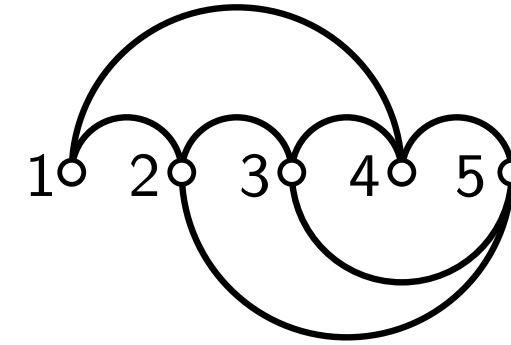
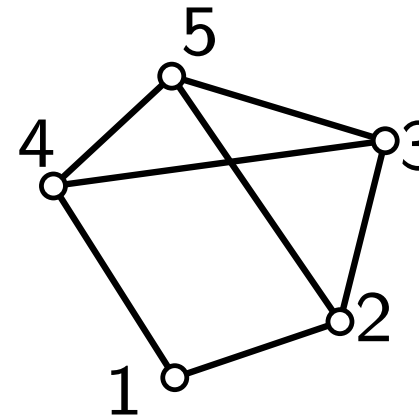
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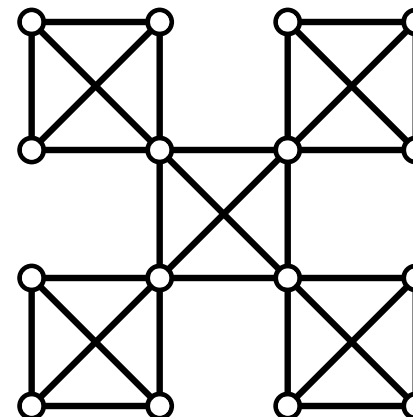
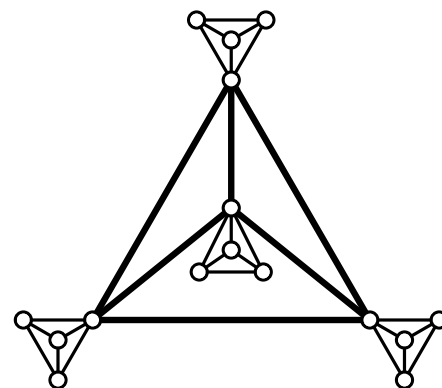
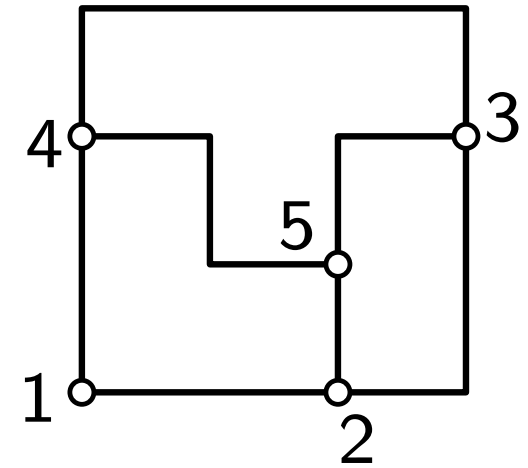
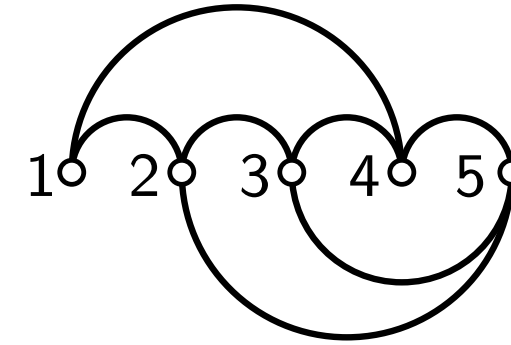
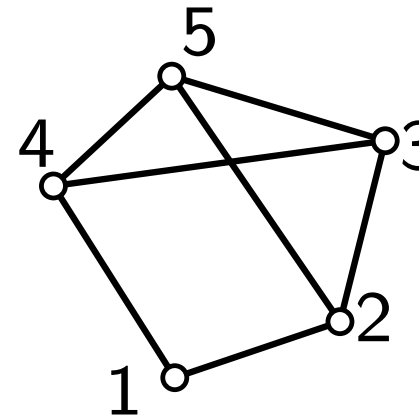
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- minimizing total edge length/drawing area
- angular resolution
- symmetry/structure



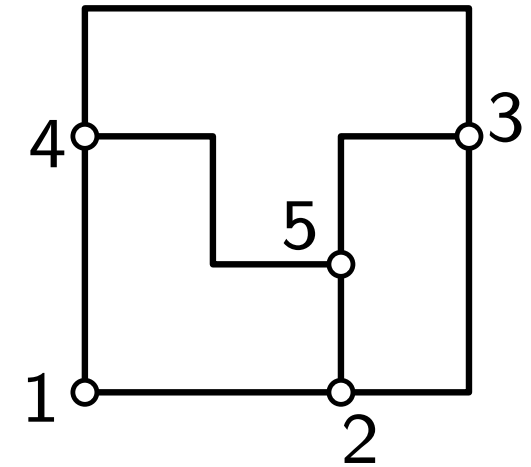
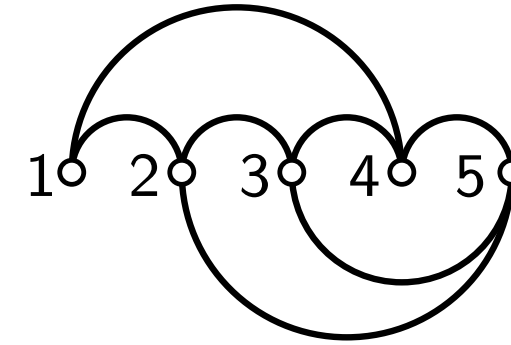
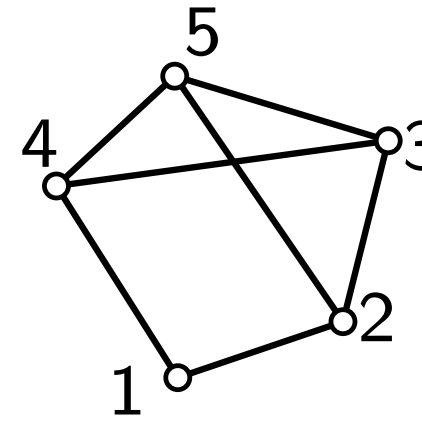
Requirements of a Graph Layout

1. Drawing conventions and requirements, e.g.,

- straight edges with $\Gamma(uv) = \overline{\Gamma(u)\Gamma(v)}$
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- grid drawings
- without crossing

2. Aesthetics to be optimized, e.g.

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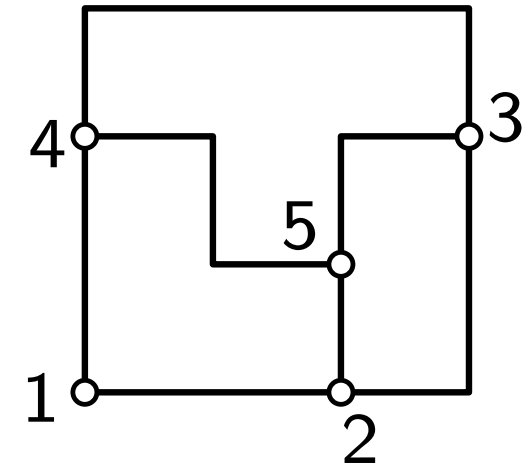
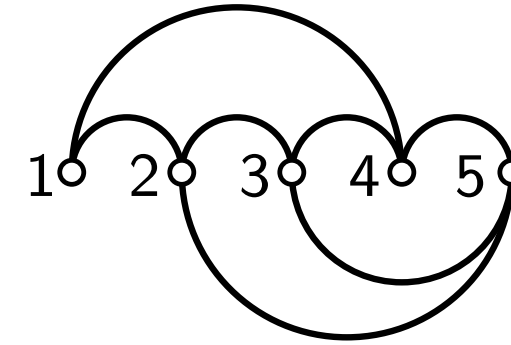
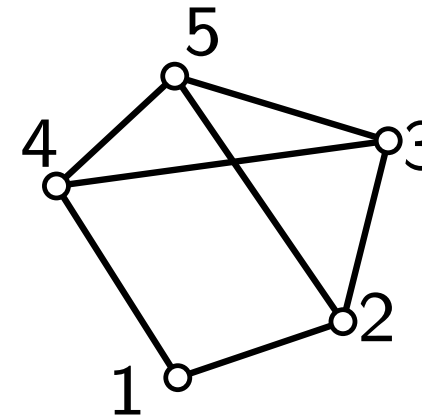
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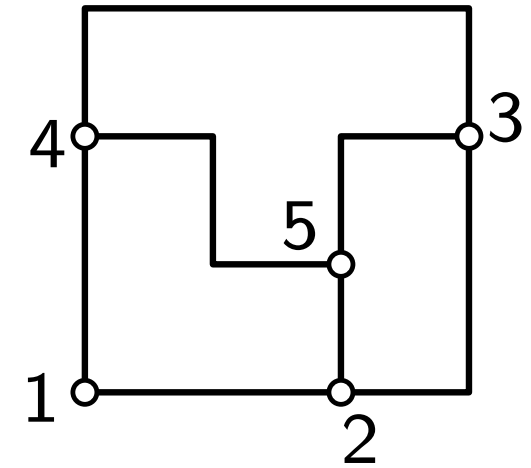
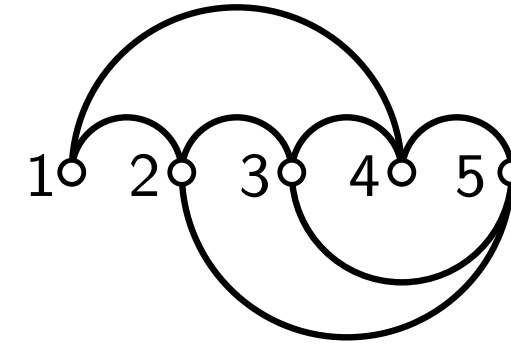
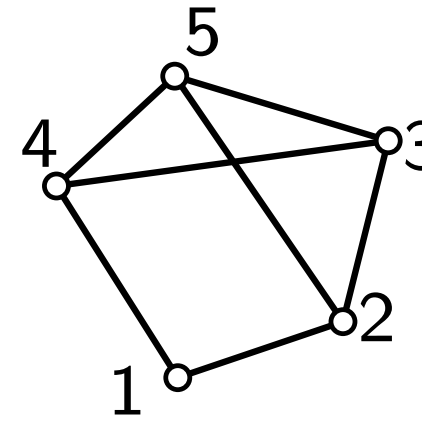
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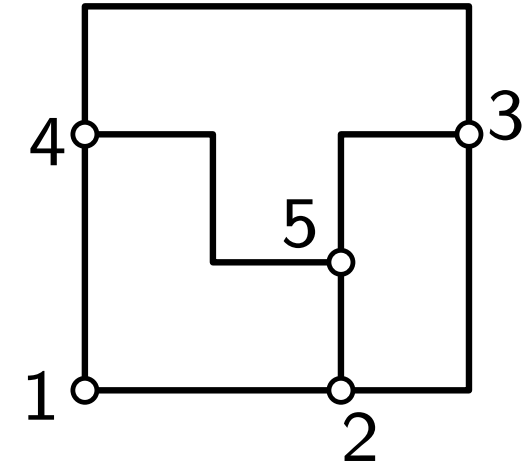
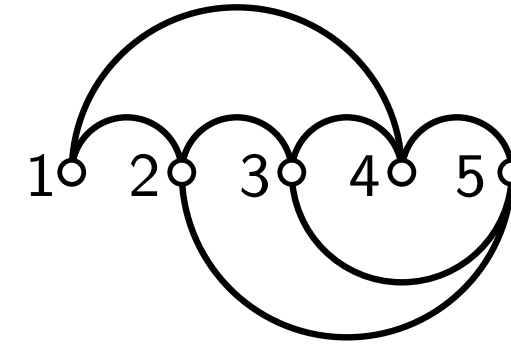
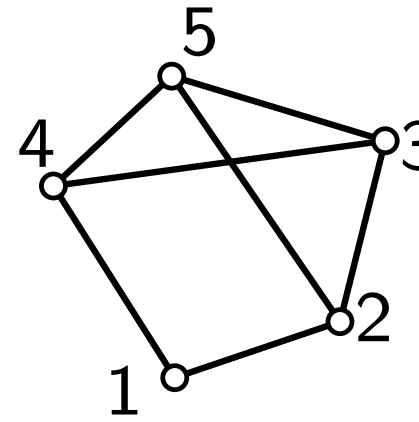
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- restrictions on neighboring vertices (e.g., “upward”).
- restrictions on groups of vertices/edges (e.g., “clustered”).



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The Layout Problem

Graph Visualization Problem (more general)

in: Graph G

out: Drawing Γ of G such that

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- Interested in implementing a program for the live challenge? May be done as a Praktikum!